

Experiment and ImQMD comparison using Flow parameters of $\text{Xe} + \text{Sn}$ @ 100 AMeV and $\text{Ni} + \text{Ni}$ @ 52 AMeV

2025 CENuM Workshop in Jeju



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Seon ho Nam

Physics Motivation

Nuclear symmetry energy

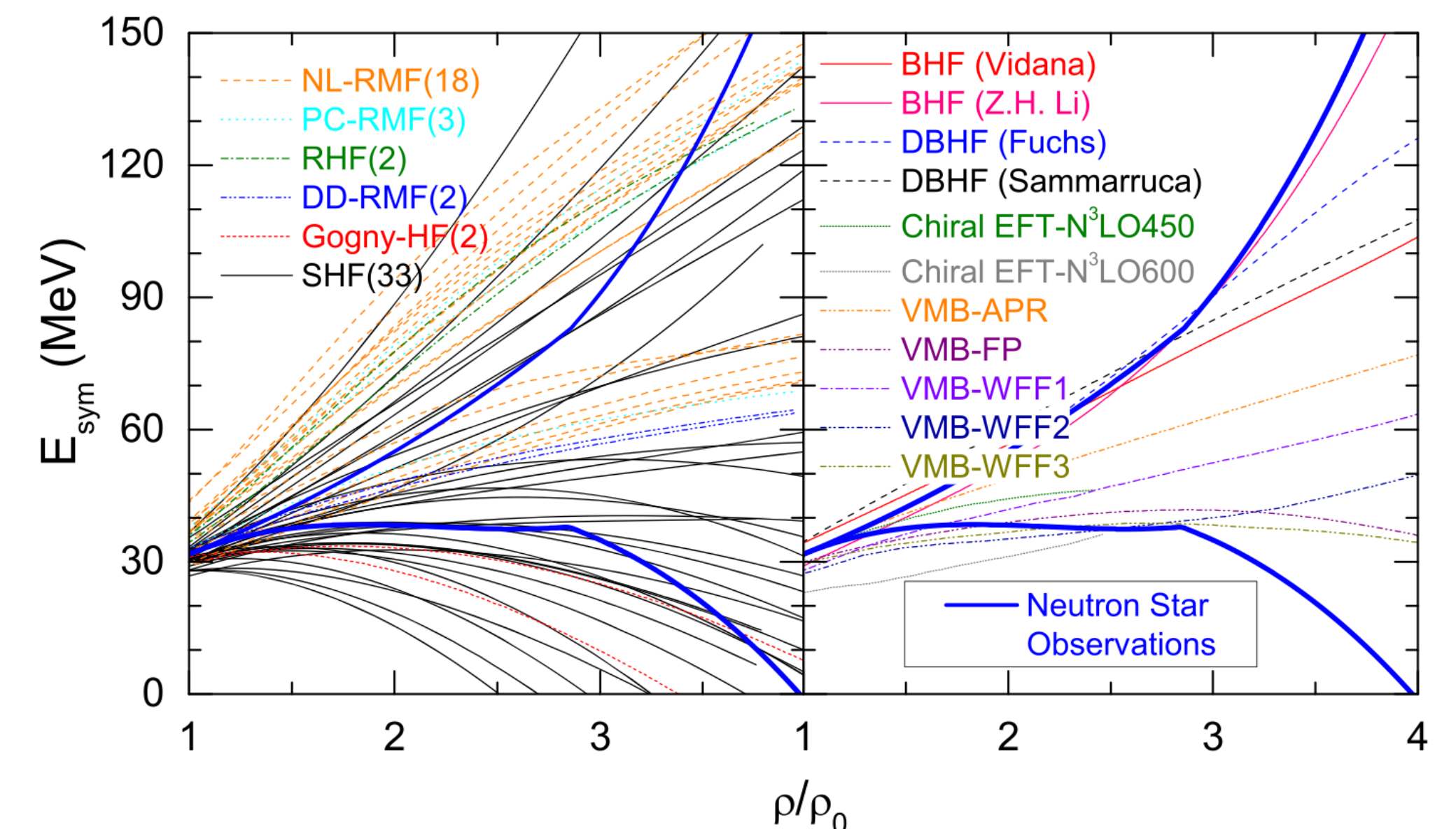
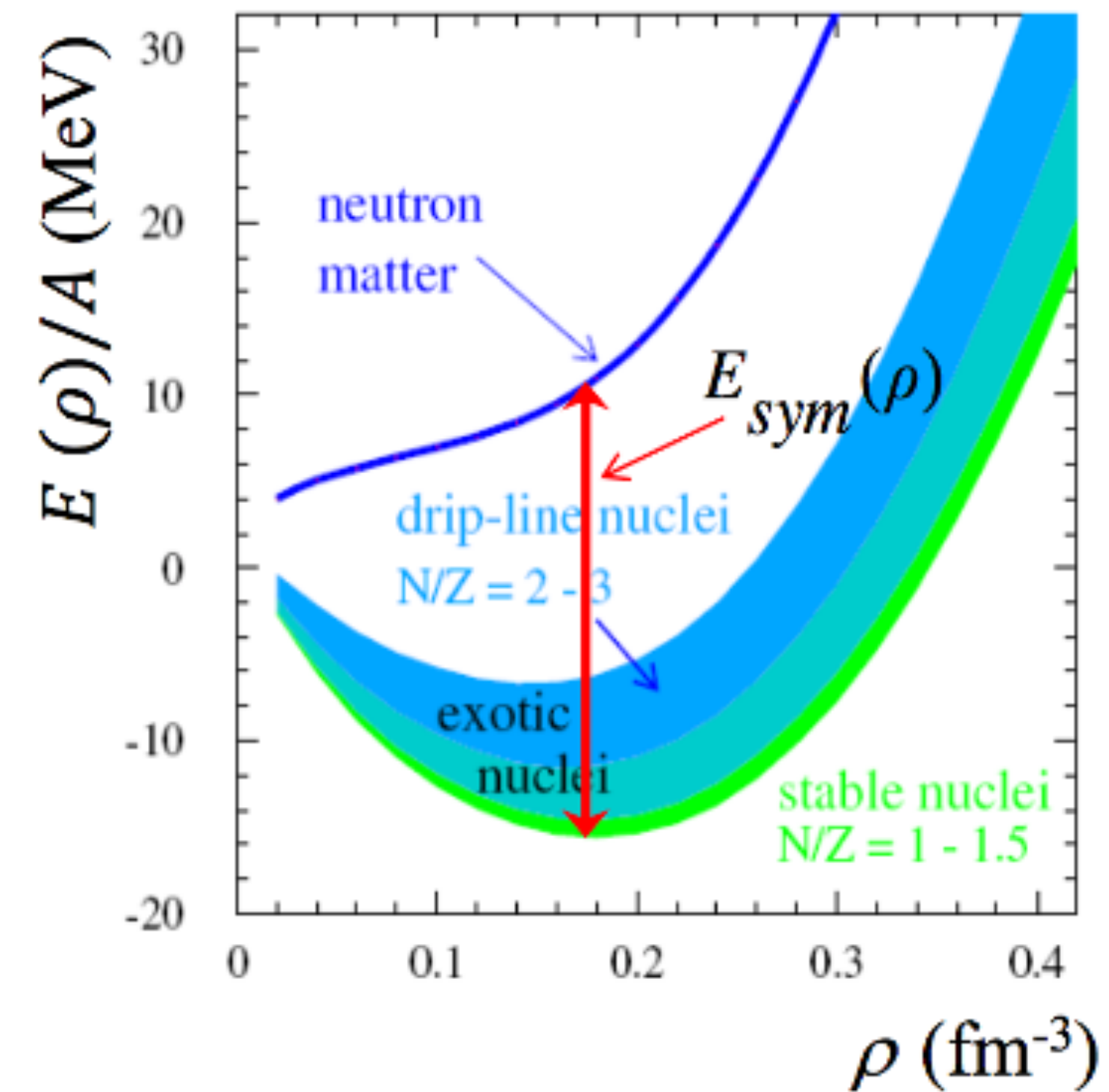
$$E(\rho, \delta)/A = E(\rho_n = \rho_p) + E_{\text{sym}}(\rho)\delta^2$$

Iso scalar Iso vector

$$E_{\text{sym}}(\rho) = \frac{1}{2} \frac{\partial^2 E}{\partial \delta^2} \sim E(\rho_{\text{pure neutron}}) - E(\rho_{\text{symmetric}})$$

$$\rho = \rho_n + \rho_p, \quad \delta = (\rho_n - \rho_p)/\rho$$

$$E_{\text{sym}}(\rho) = S + \frac{L_{\text{sym}}}{3} \left(\frac{\rho - \rho_0}{\rho_0} \right) + \frac{K_{\text{sym}}}{18} \left(\frac{\rho - \rho_0}{\rho_0} \right)^2$$



Collective flow

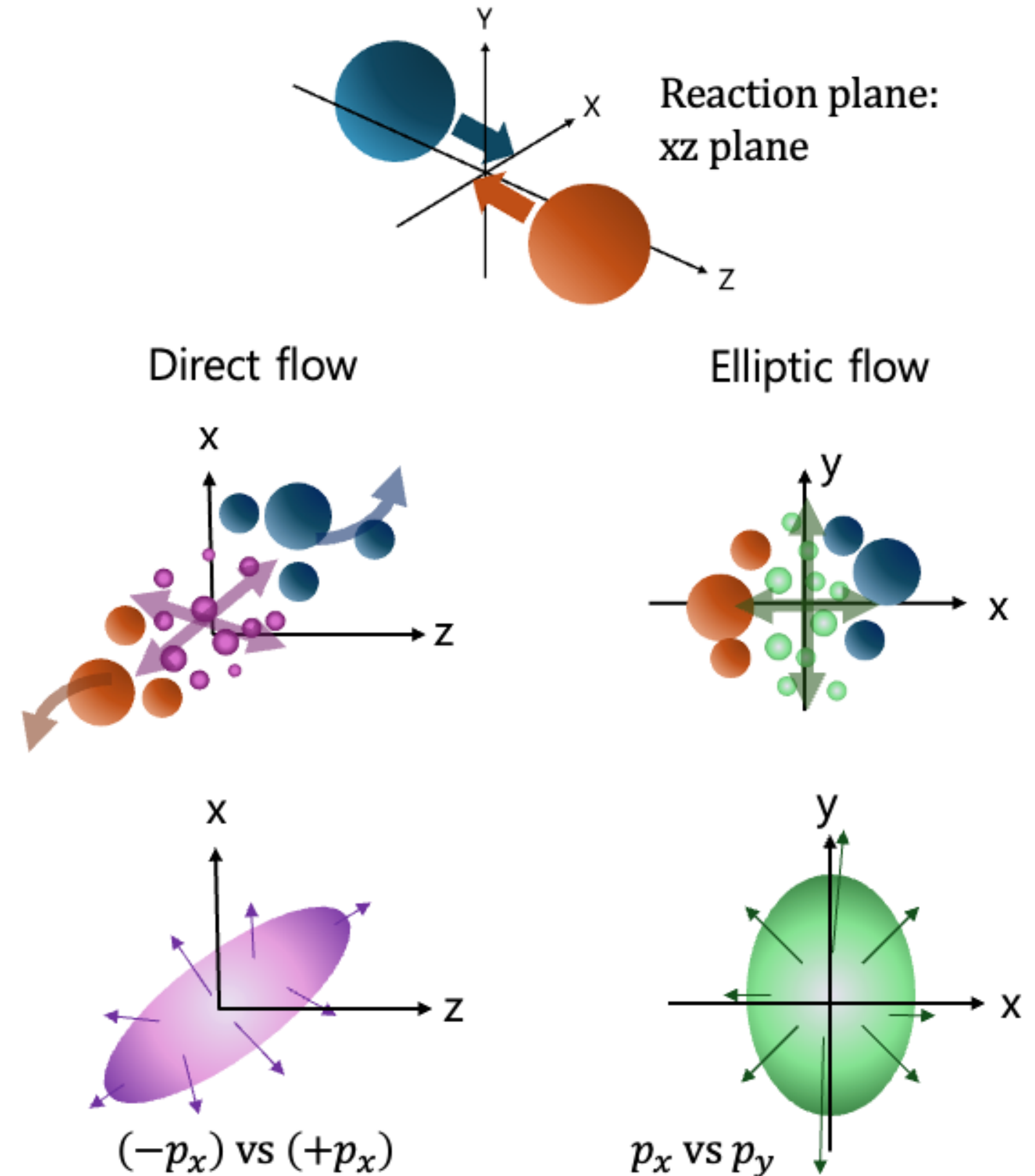
Fourier expansion of azimuthal distribution

$$\frac{dN}{d(\phi - \psi_r)} = \frac{N_0}{2\pi} \left(1 + \sum_{n \geq 1} 2v_n \cos(\phi - \psi_{rp}) \right)$$

v_1 : Direct flow , v_2 : Elliptic flow

$$v_1 = \langle \cos(\phi - \psi_r) \rangle = \left\langle \frac{p_x}{p_t} \right\rangle$$

$$v_2 = \langle \cos 2(\phi - \psi_r) \rangle = \left\langle \frac{p_x^2 - p_y^2}{p_t^2} \right\rangle$$



Data sets

Experiment and ImQMD with 2 parameter sets

INDRA 4th campaign at GSI (1998-1999)
(INDRA-ALADIN collaboration)



$^{129,124}\text{Xe} + ^{124,112}\text{Sn}$
@ 100MeV/u

E789 at GANIL (2019.4->5)
(INDRA-FAZIA collaboration)



$^{64,58}\text{Ni} + ^{64,58}\text{Ni}$
@ 52MeV/u

ImQMD with 2 Skyrme parameters

Para	ρ_0	E_0	K_0	S_0	L
SLy4	0.160	-15.97	230	32	46
SkM*	0.160	-15.77	217	30	46
	K_{sym}	m^*/m	m_n^*/m	m_p^*/m	
SLy4	-120	0.69	0.68	0.71	
SkM*	-156	0.79	0.82	0.76	

Impact parameter windows

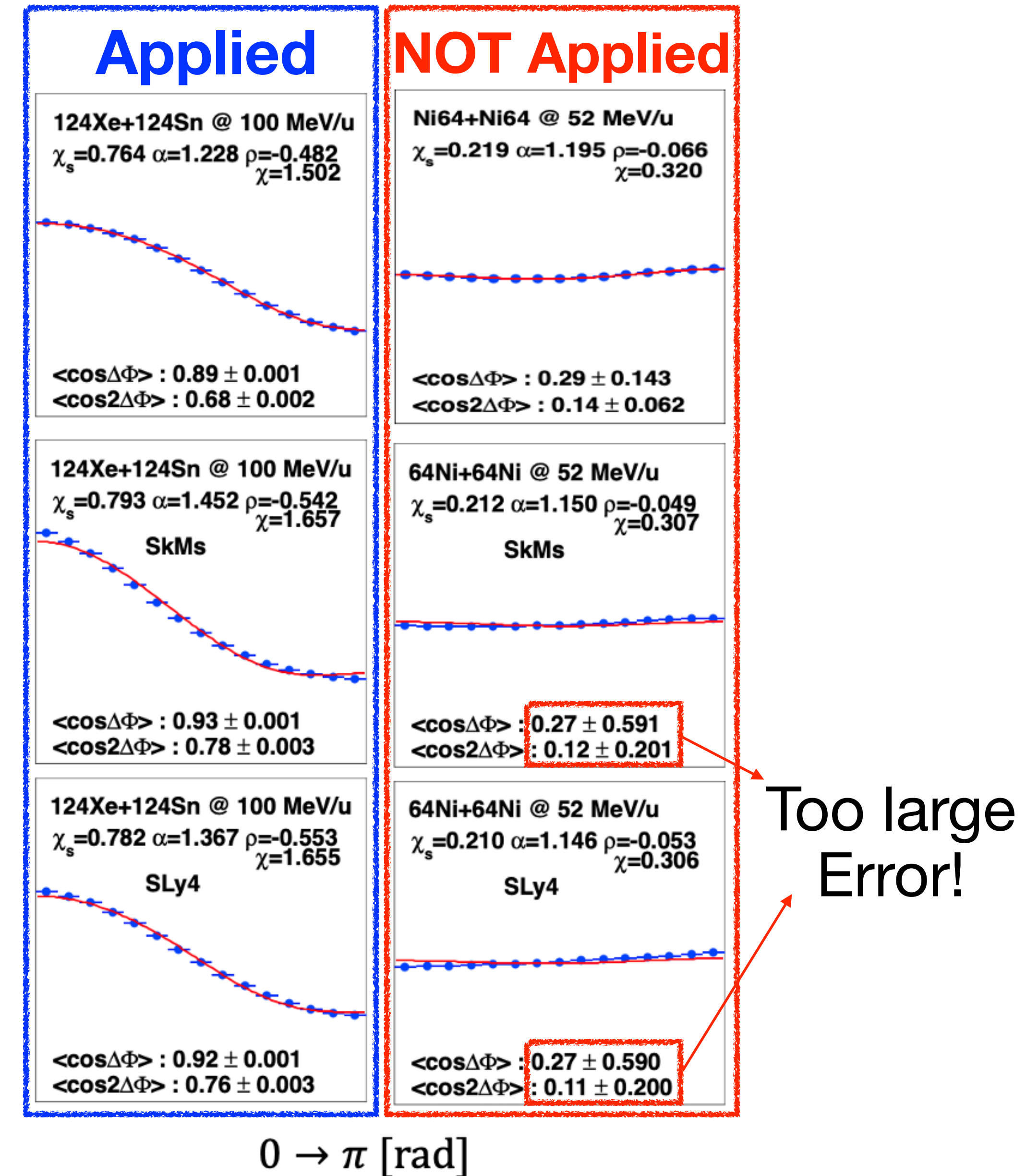
INDRA Camp 4th	IW1 (0.21 < b0 < 0.42)
E789	EW1 (0.03 < b0 < 0.4)

Reaction plane reconstruction and correction factor

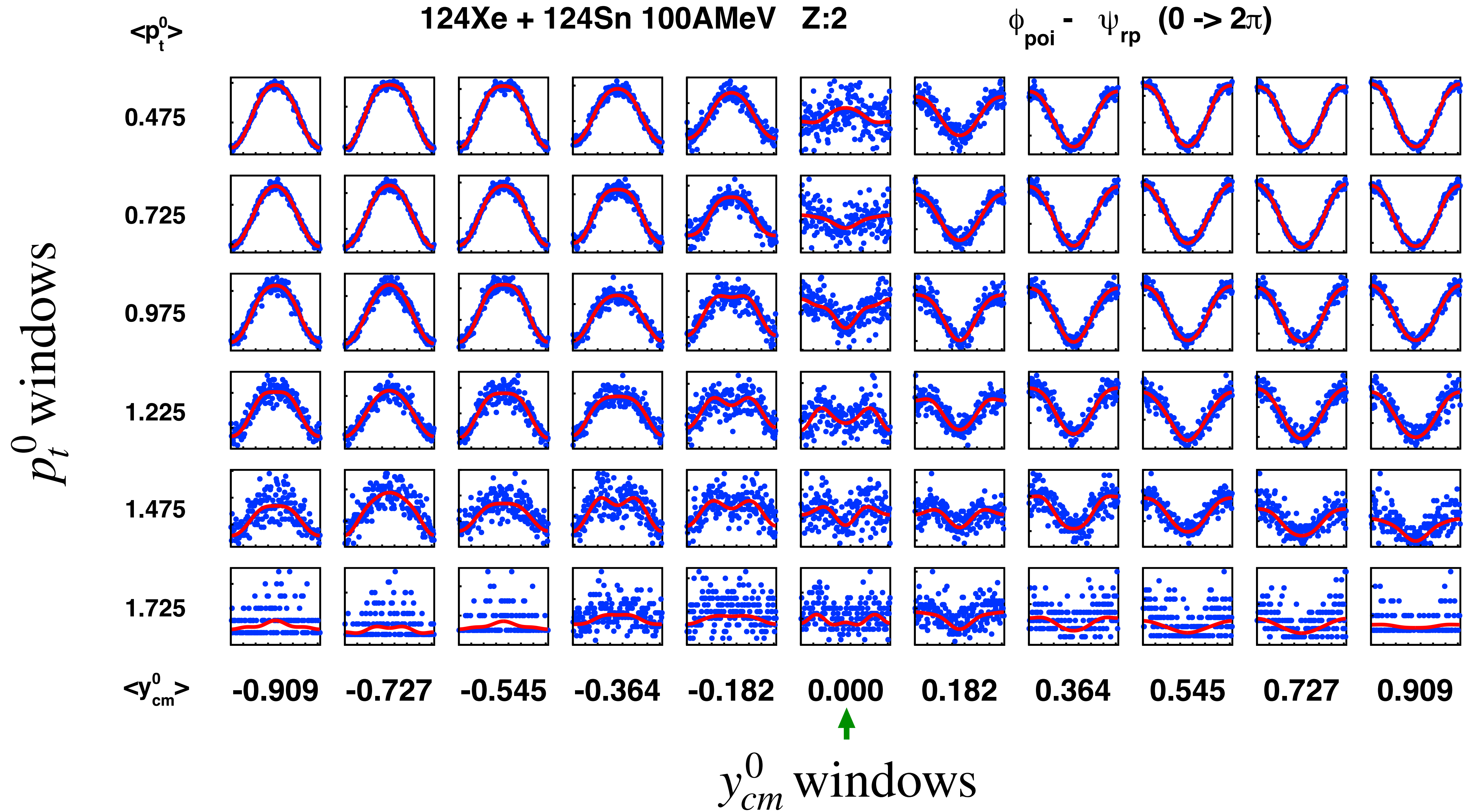
Transverse momentum method

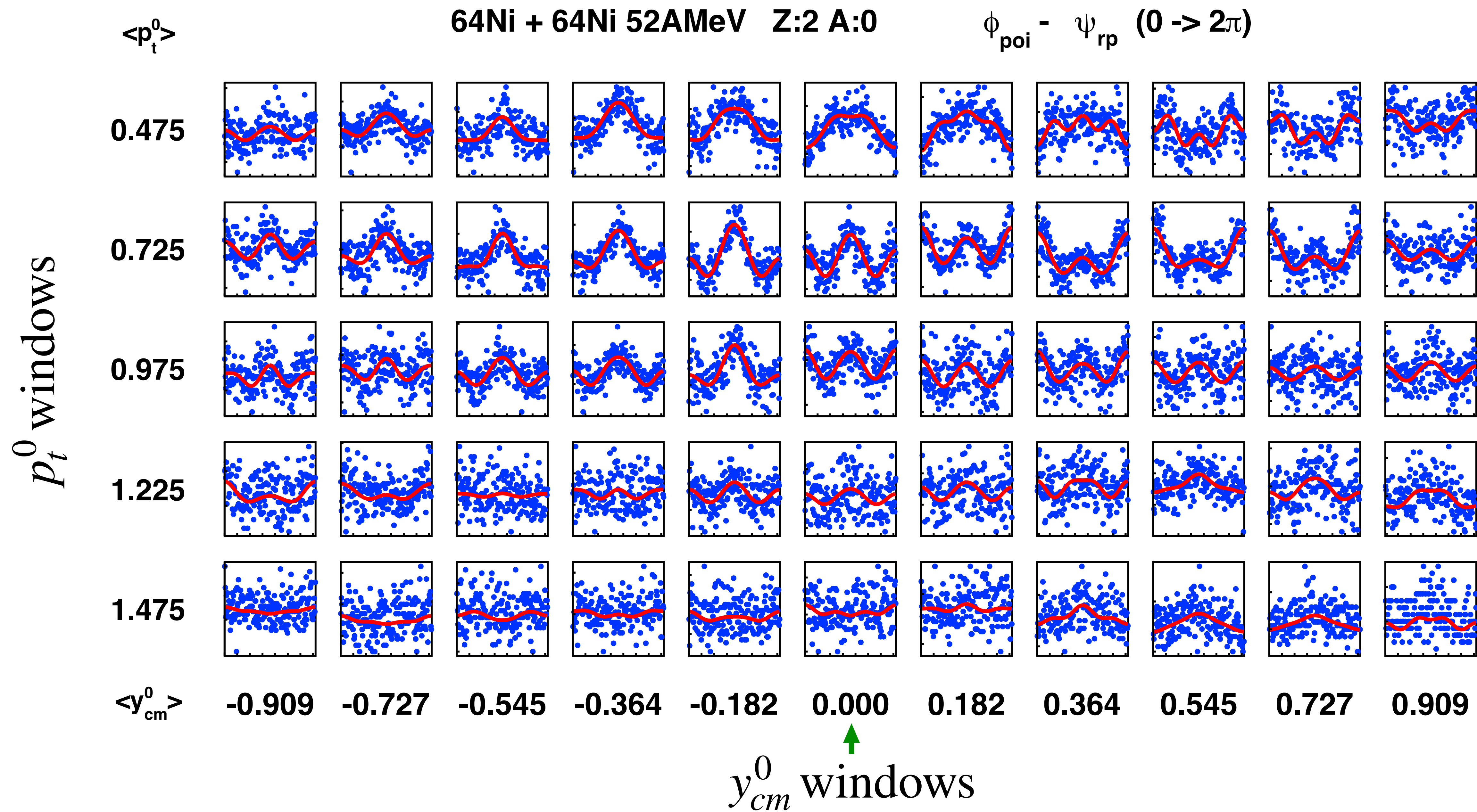
$$\mathbf{Q} = \sum_{i \neq poi}^N \omega_i (\mathbf{p}_t^i + m_i \mathbf{v}_b)$$

$$\mathbf{v}_b = \frac{\mathbf{p}_t}{m_{sys} - m_{poi}} \quad \begin{aligned} \omega_i &= Z_i(y_{cm} > 0) \\ &= -Z_i(y_{cm} < 0) \end{aligned}$$



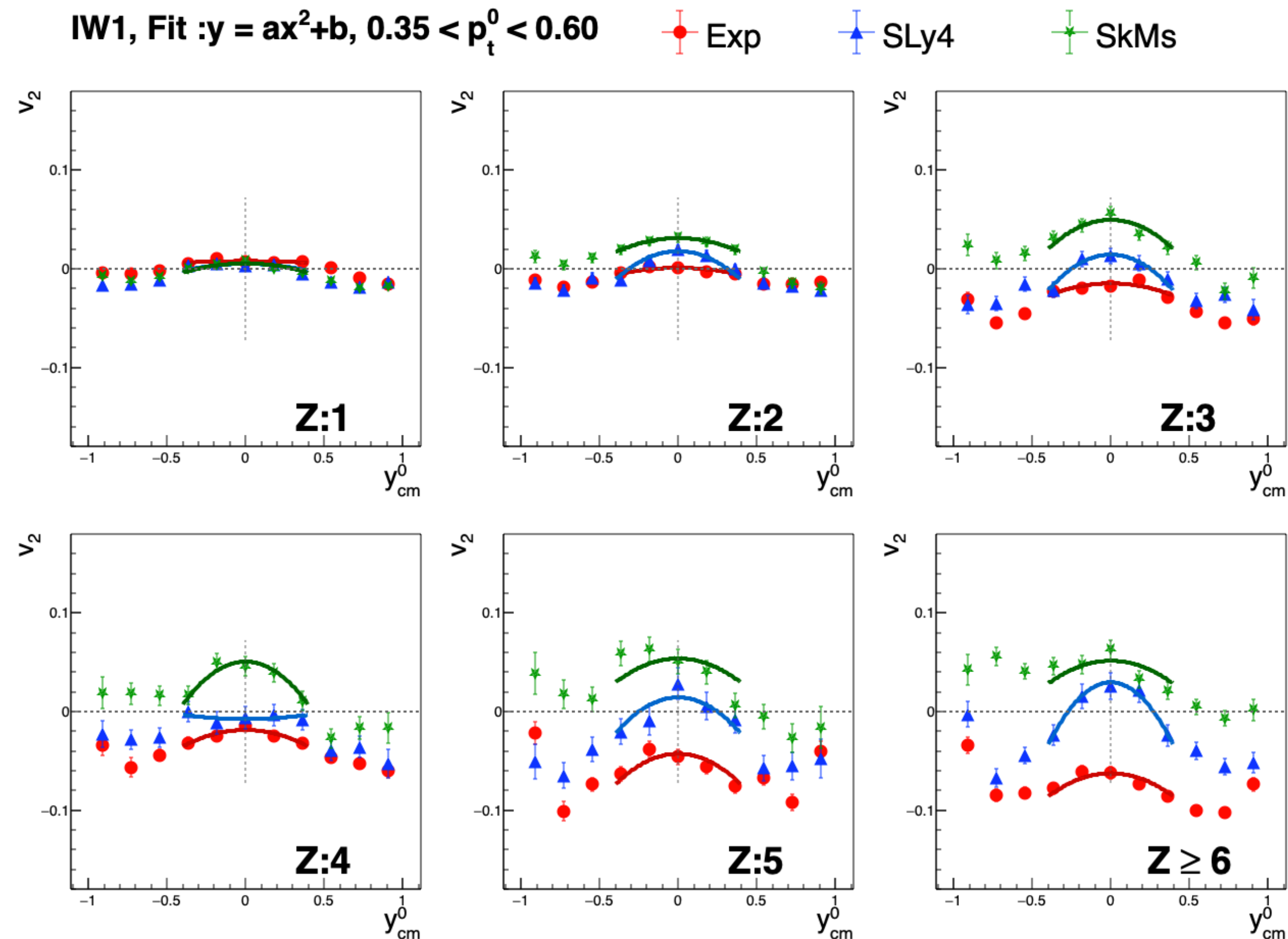
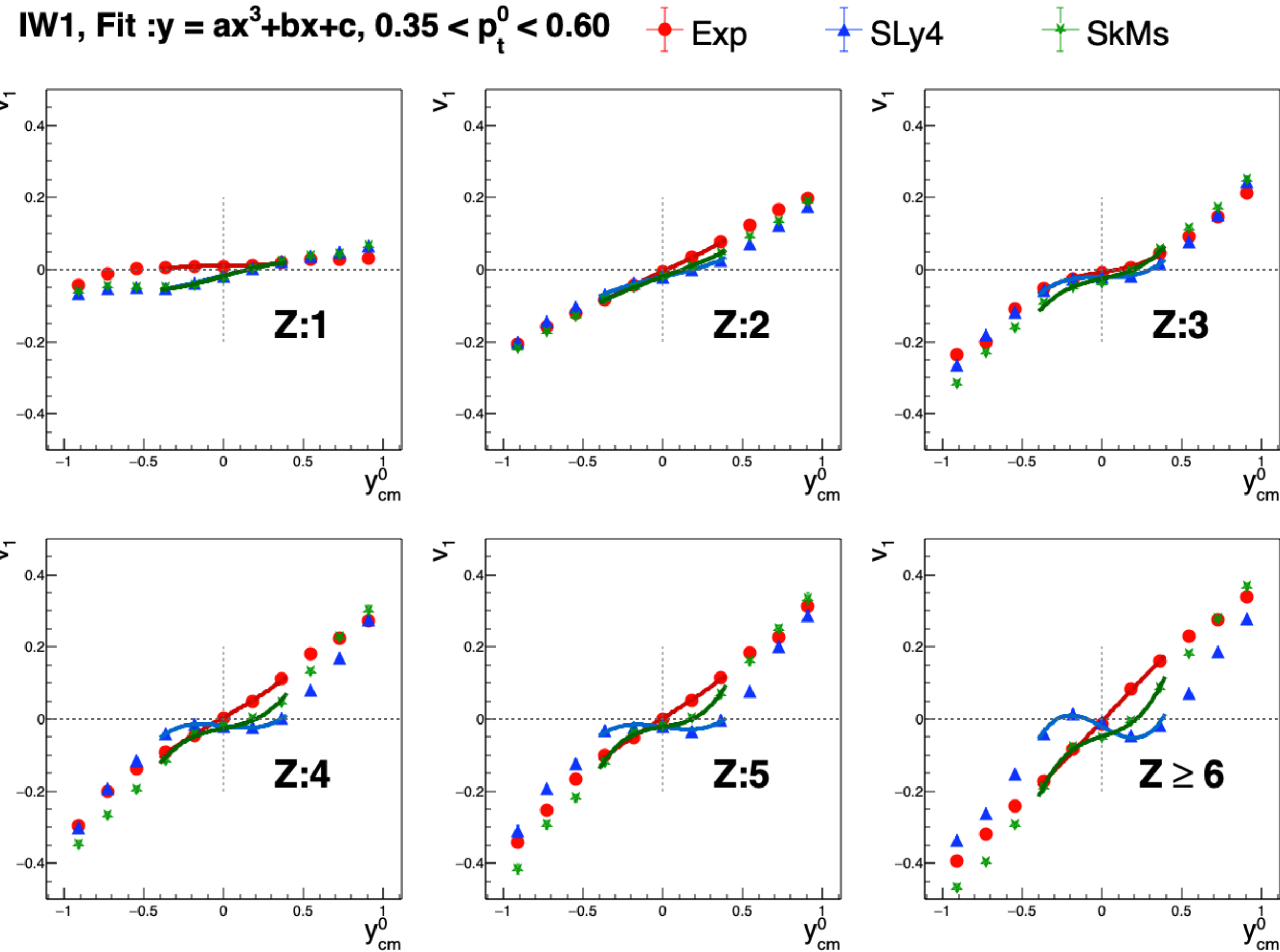
Fit : $y = \frac{N_0}{2\pi} \left(1 + 2 \sum_{n=1}^4 v_n \cos(\phi_{poi} - \psi_{rp}) \right)$ $v_1 : \textit{Direct}, v_2 : \textit{Elliptic}, v_3 : \textit{triangular} \dots$ 5/12





Direct flow vs y_{cm}^0

Elliptic flow vs y_{cm}^0



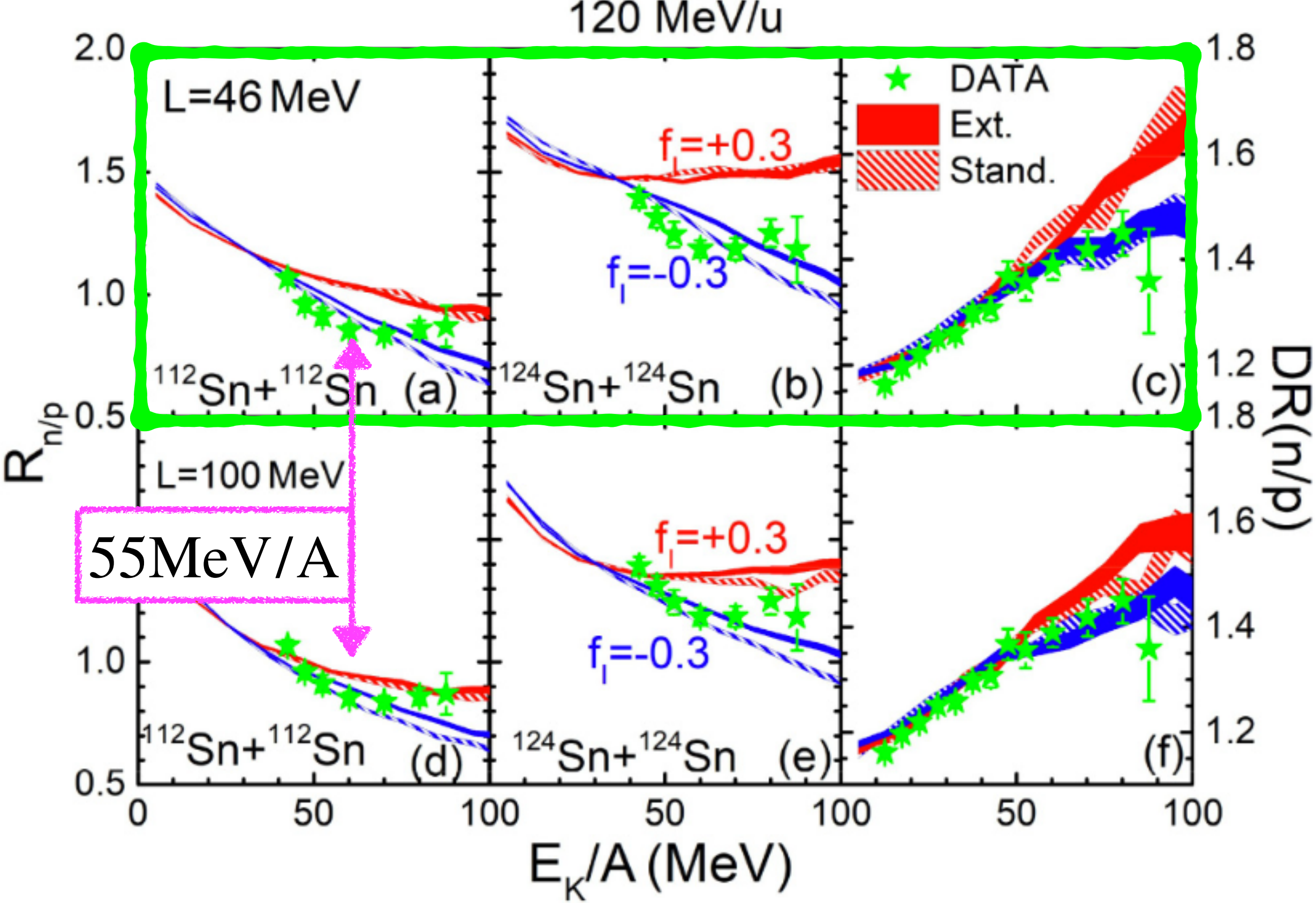
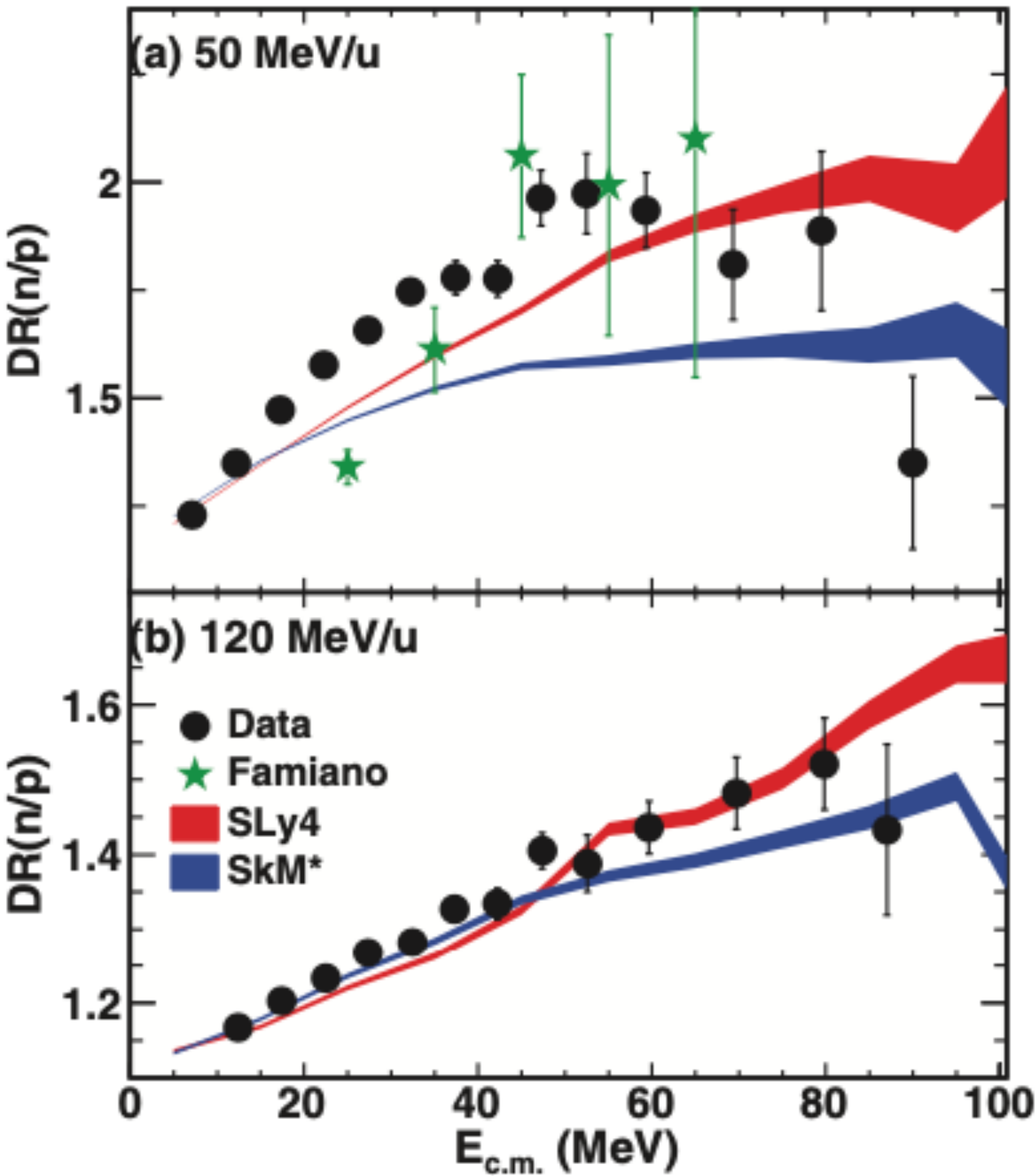
Parameter b : Slope of Direct flow

Parameter b : Offset of Elliptic flow

$$y_{cm}^0 = y_{cm}/y_{cm}^P (y_{cm} > 0)$$

$$y_{cm}^0 = y_{cm}/y_{cm}^T (y_{cm} < 0)$$

$$p_t^0 = \frac{p_t/A}{2p_t^P/(A_P + A_T)}$$



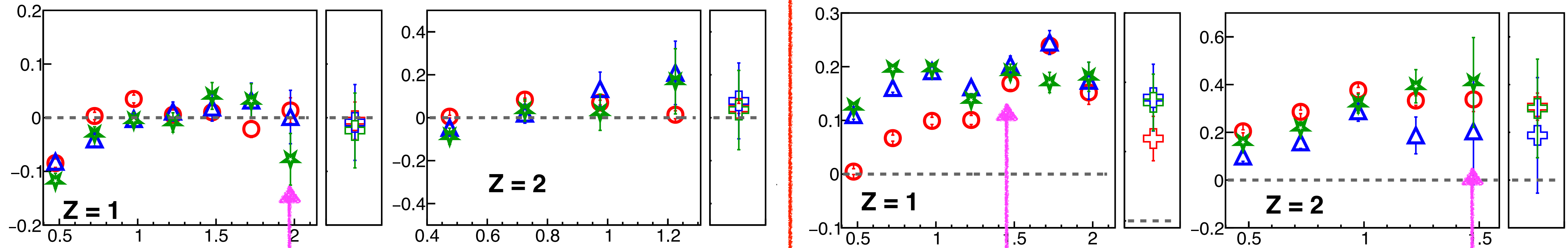
	K_{sym}	m^*/m	m_n^*/m	m_p^*/m
SLy4	-120	0.69	0.68	0.71
SkM*	-156	0.79	0.82	0.76

$$R_{n/p} = Y_{CI}(n)/Y_{CI}(p) \quad DR(n/p) = \frac{R(n/p, CI, 124)}{R(n/p, CI, 112)}$$
$$f_I = 0.3(m_n^* < m_p^*)$$
$$f_I = -0.3(m_n^* > m_p^*)$$

CI proton & neutron : $1 < A < 5$

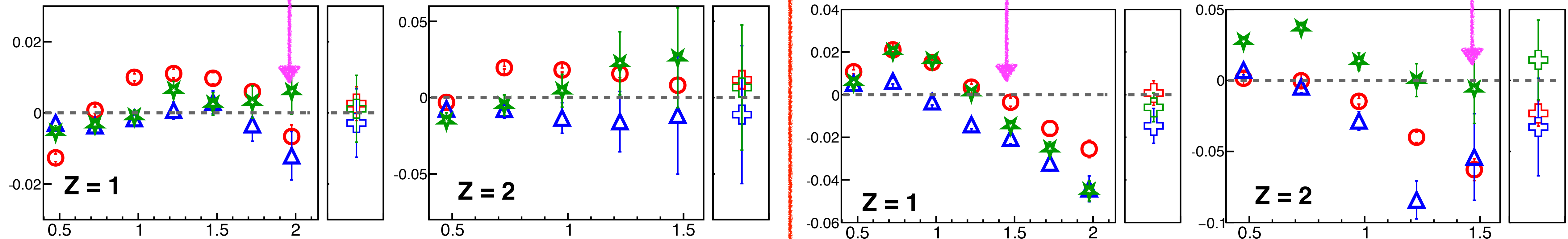
v_1 slope

With correction factor



EW1 Ni + Ni @ 52 A MeV

IW1 Xe + Sn @ 100 A MeV



$55 \text{ MeV}/A = p_t^0 \simeq 2.0$
for Ni + Ni @ 52 A MeV

v_2 offset

$55 \text{ MeV}/A = p_t^0 \simeq 1.5$
for Xe + Sn @ 100 A MeV

Slope of direct flow

$^{64}\text{Ni} + ^{64}\text{Ni} @ 52\text{MeV/u}$

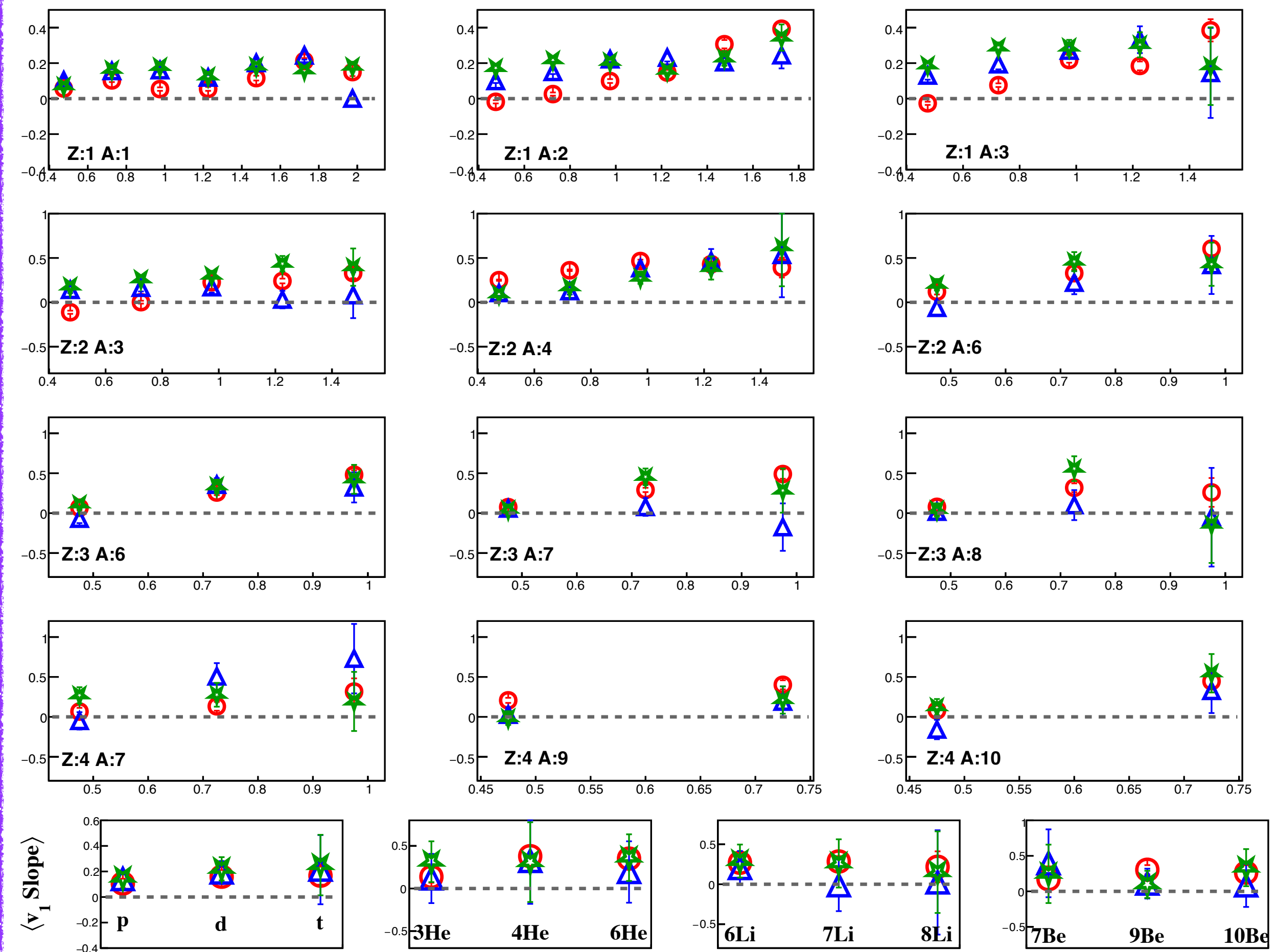
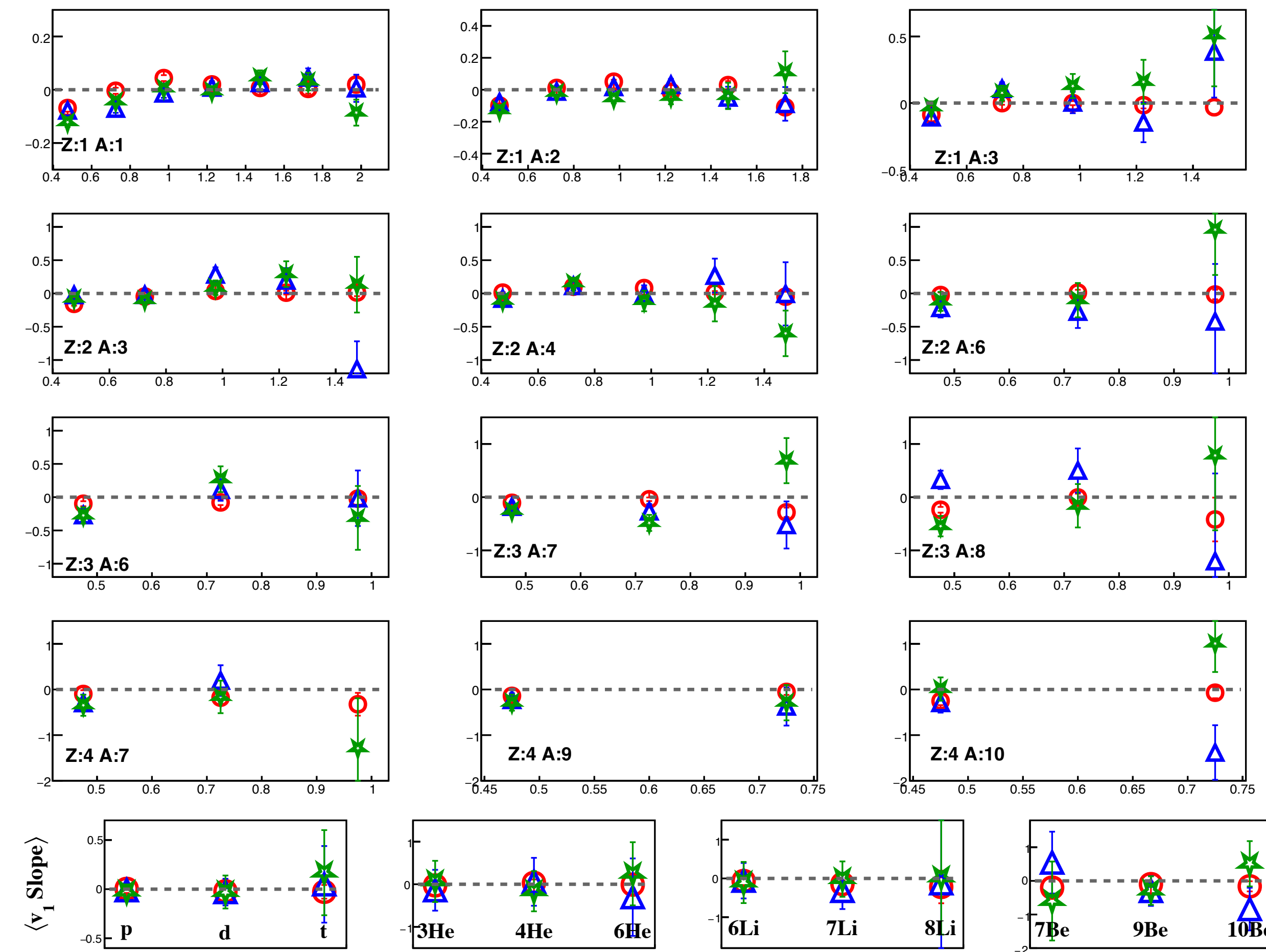
$^{124}\text{Xe} + ^{124}\text{Sn} @ 100\text{MeV/u}$
With correction factor

EW1 p_t^0 vs v_1 Slope

Exp SLy4 SkMs

IW1 p_t^0 vs v_1 Slope

Exp SLy4 SkMs



	K_{sym}	m^*/m	m_n^*/m	m_p^*/m
SLy4	-120	0.69	0.68	0.71
SkM*	-156	0.79	0.82	0.76

Offset of Elliptic flow

$^{64}\text{Ni} + ^{64}\text{Ni} @ 52\text{MeV/u}$

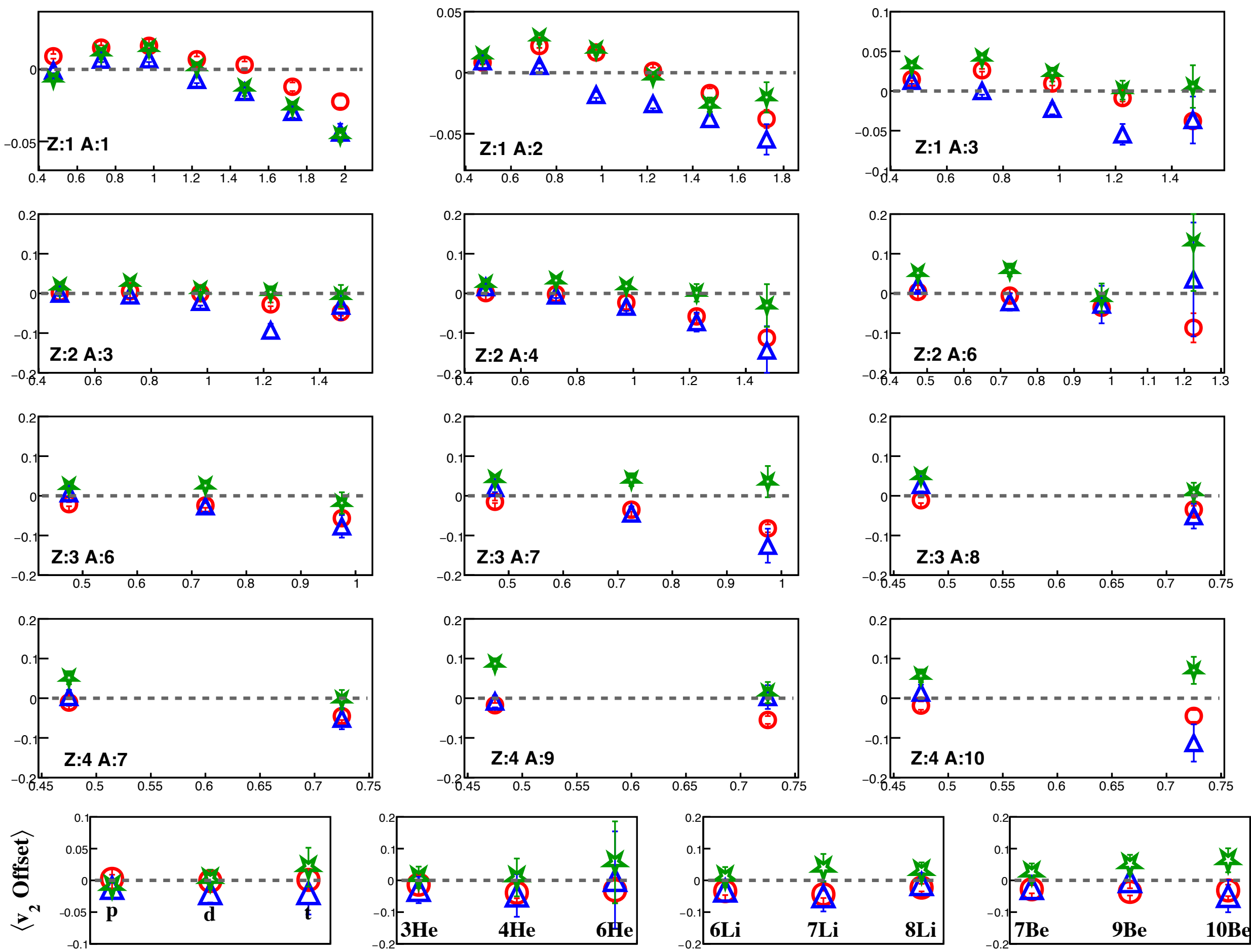
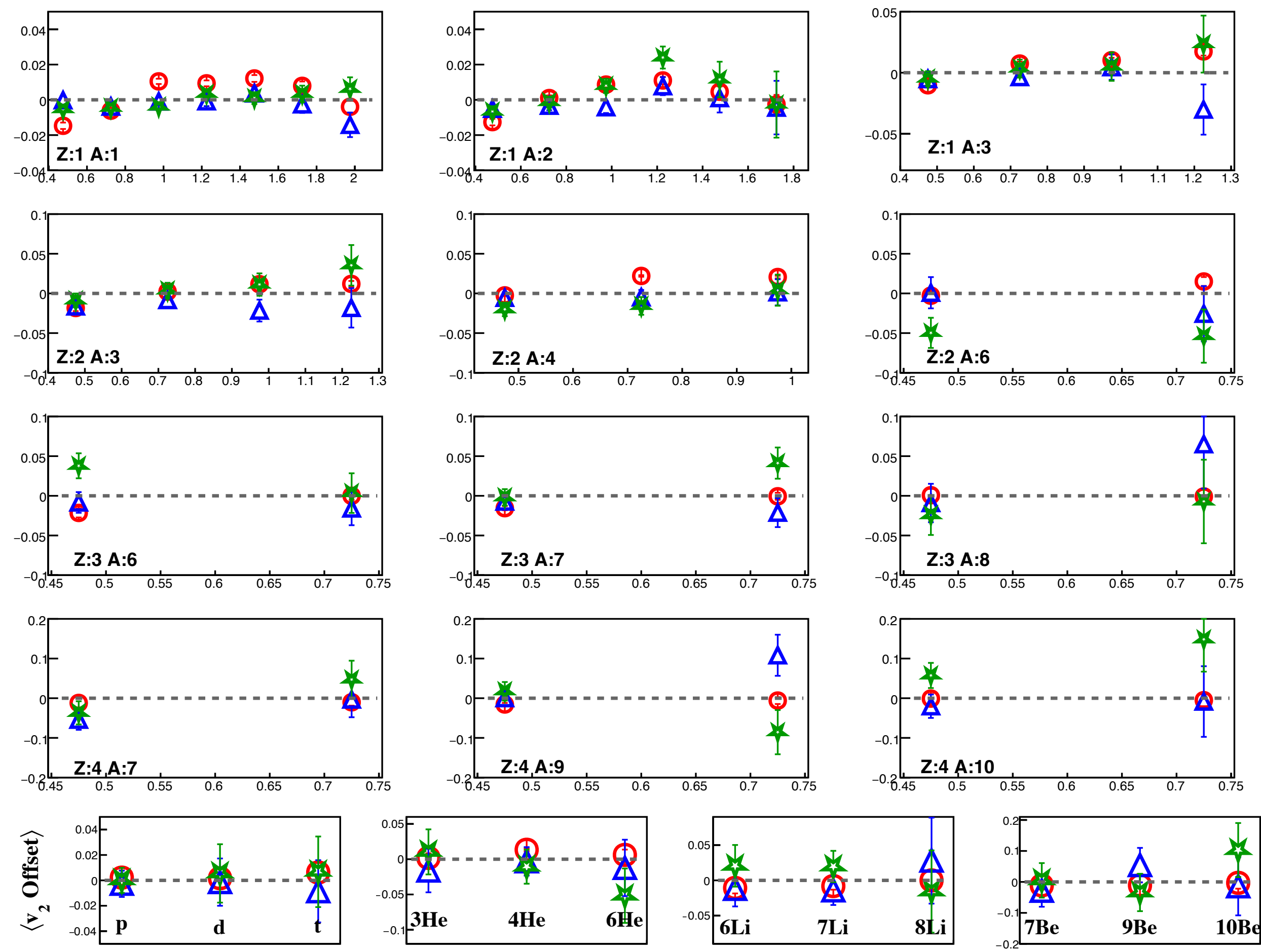
$^{124}\text{Xe} + ^{124}\text{Sn} @ 100\text{MeV/u}$
With correction factor

EW1 p_t^0 vs v_2 Offset

Exp SLy4 SkMs

IW1 p_t^0 vs v_2 Offset

Exp SLy4 SkMs



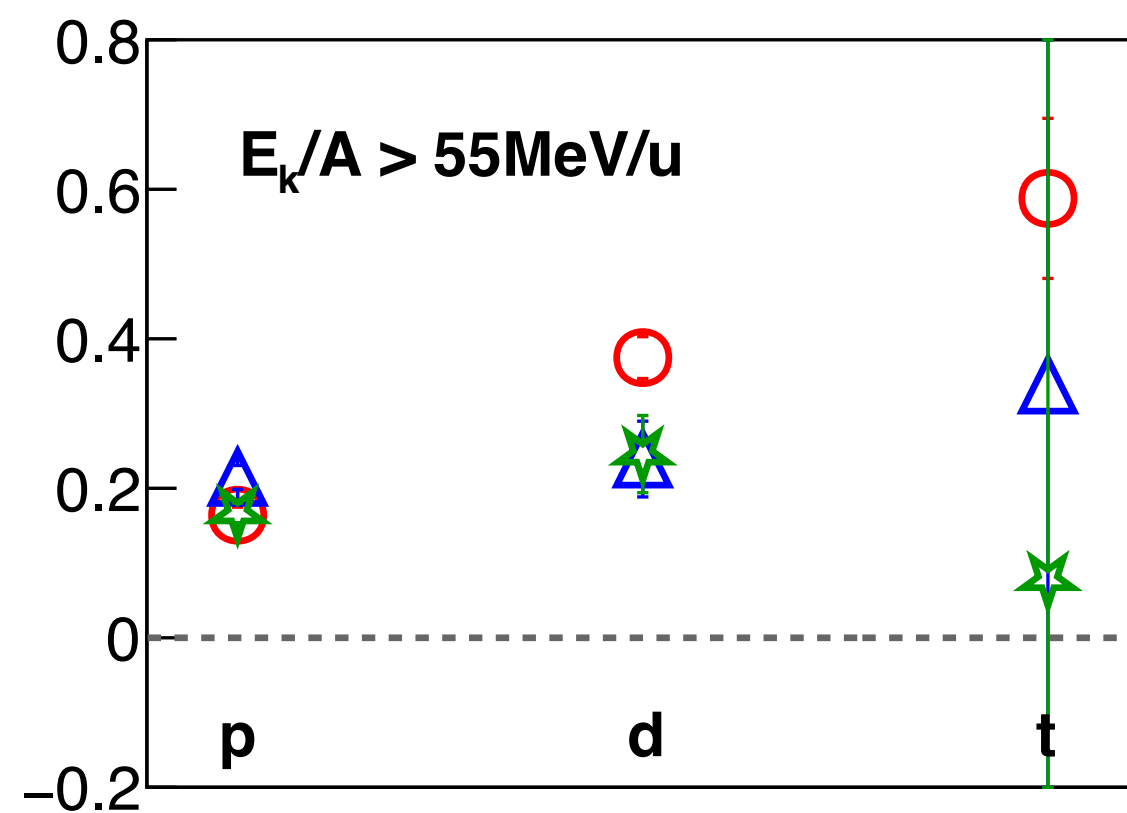
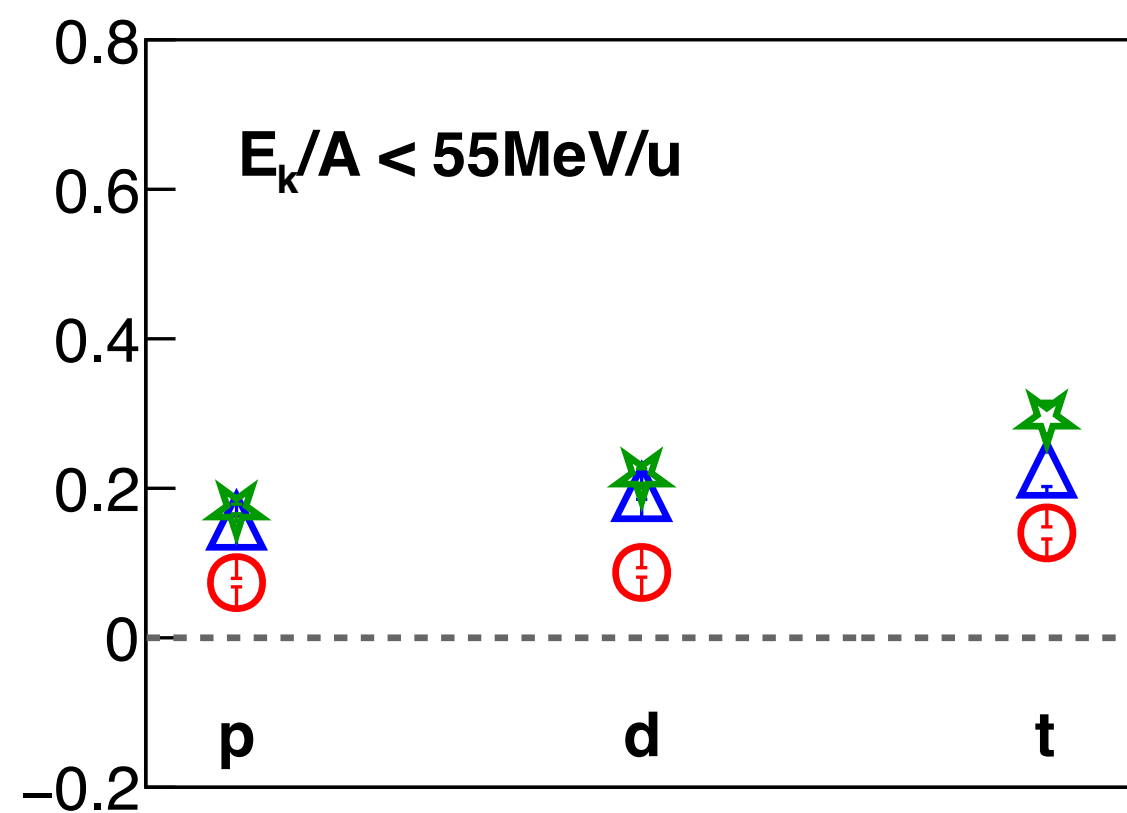
$^{124}\text{Xe} + ^{124}\text{Sn} @ 100\text{MeV/u}$

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With correction factor

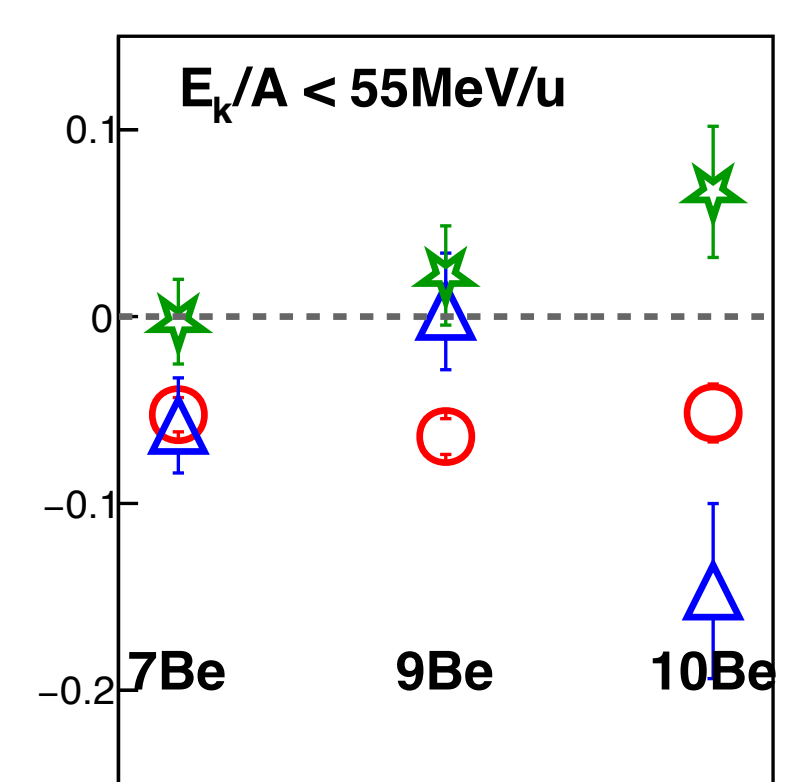
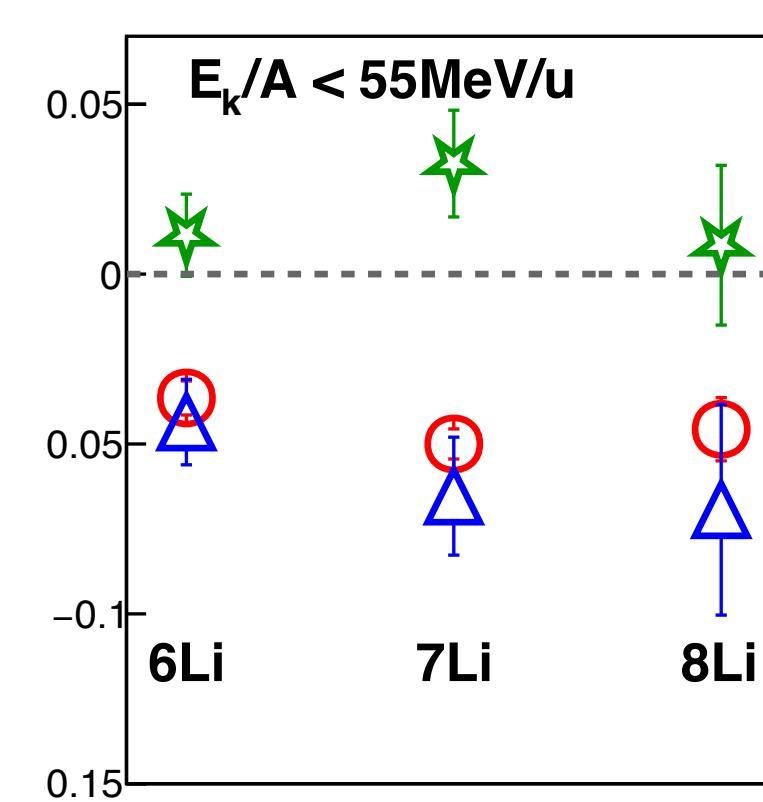
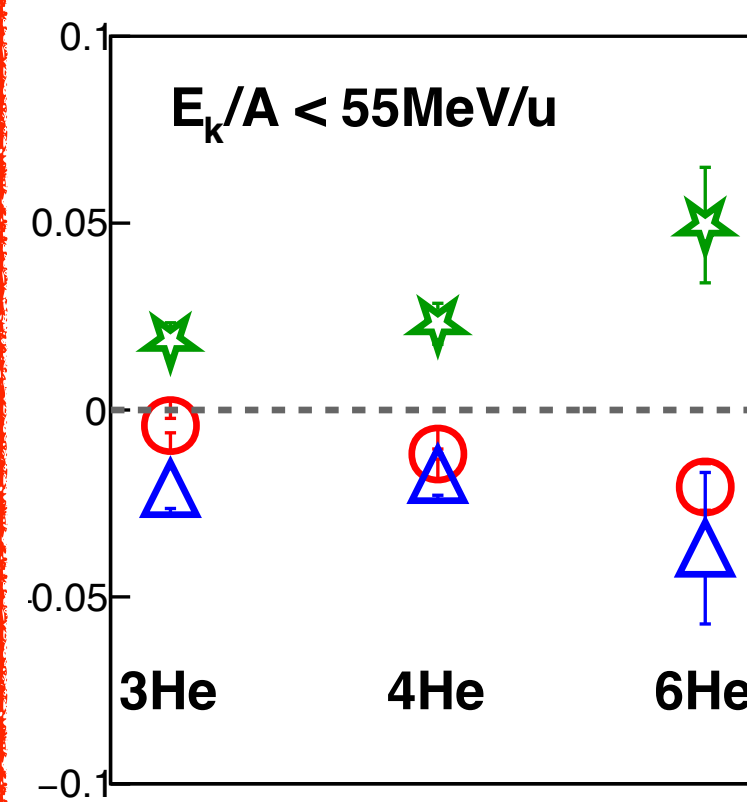
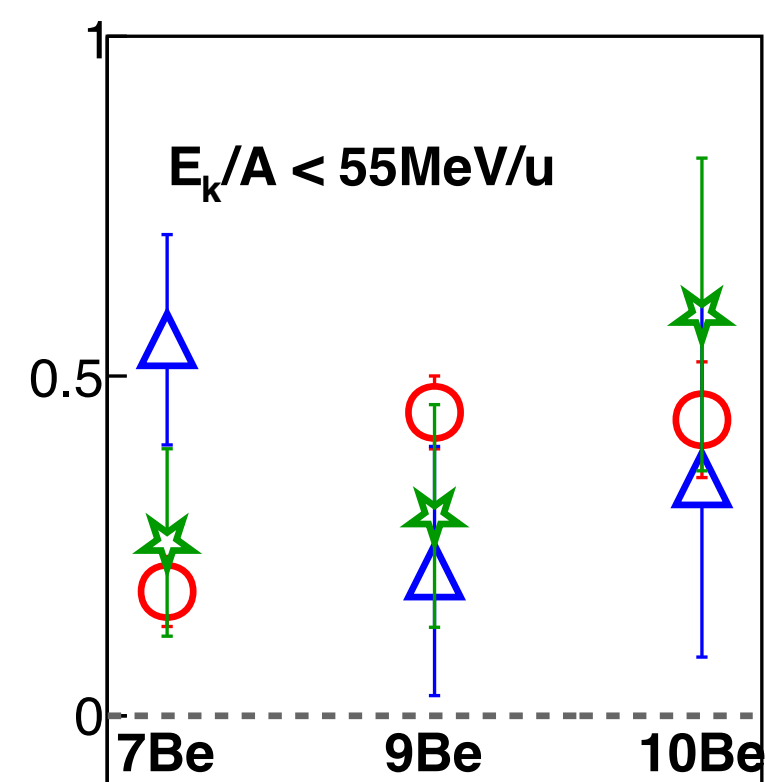
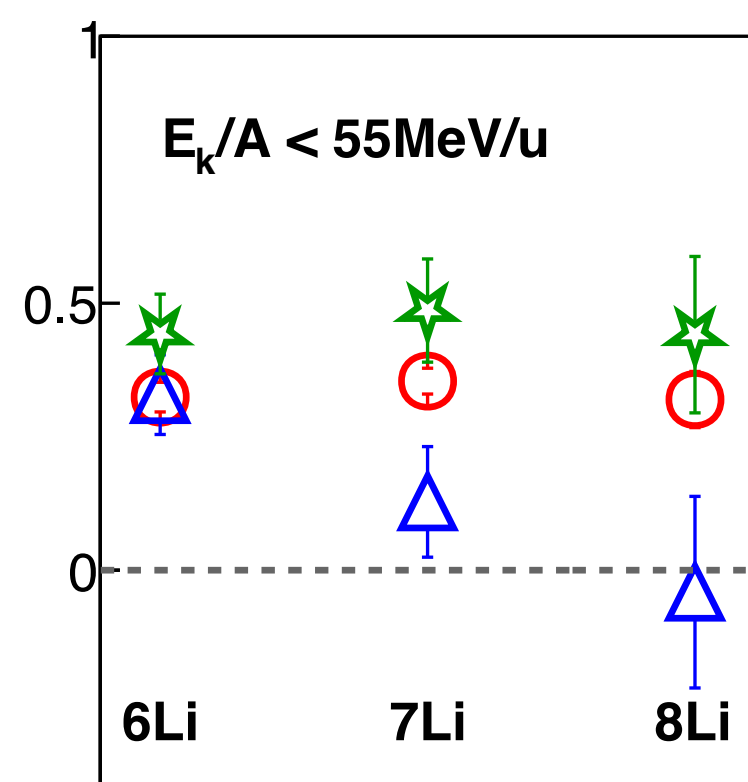
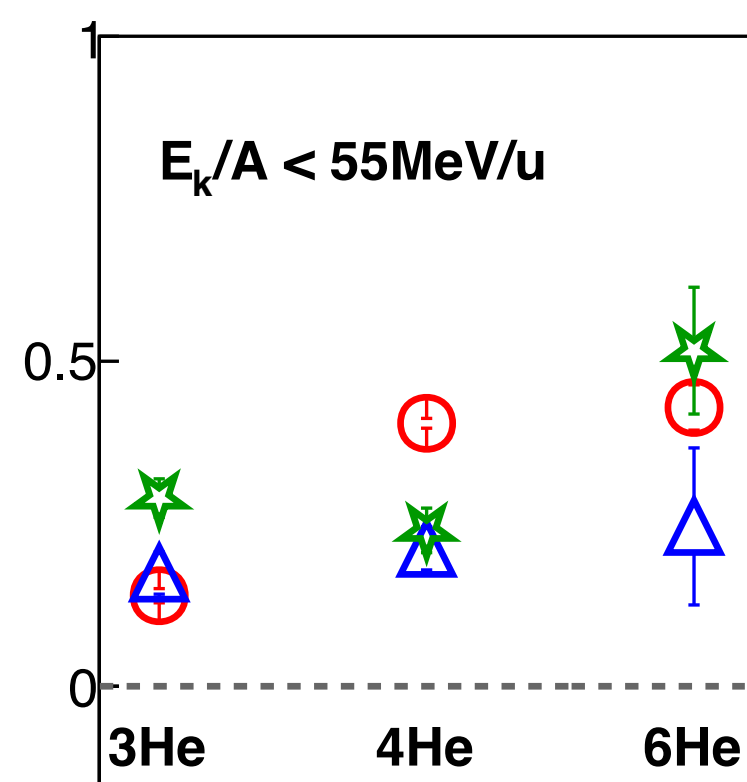
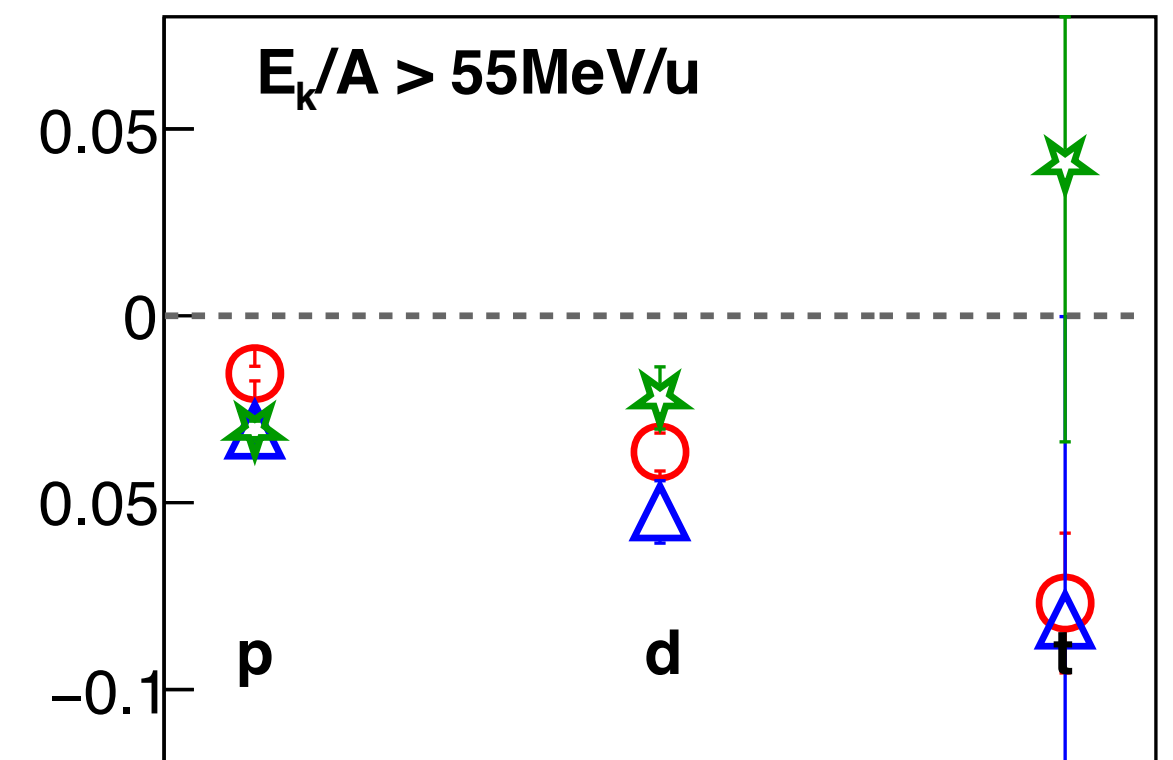
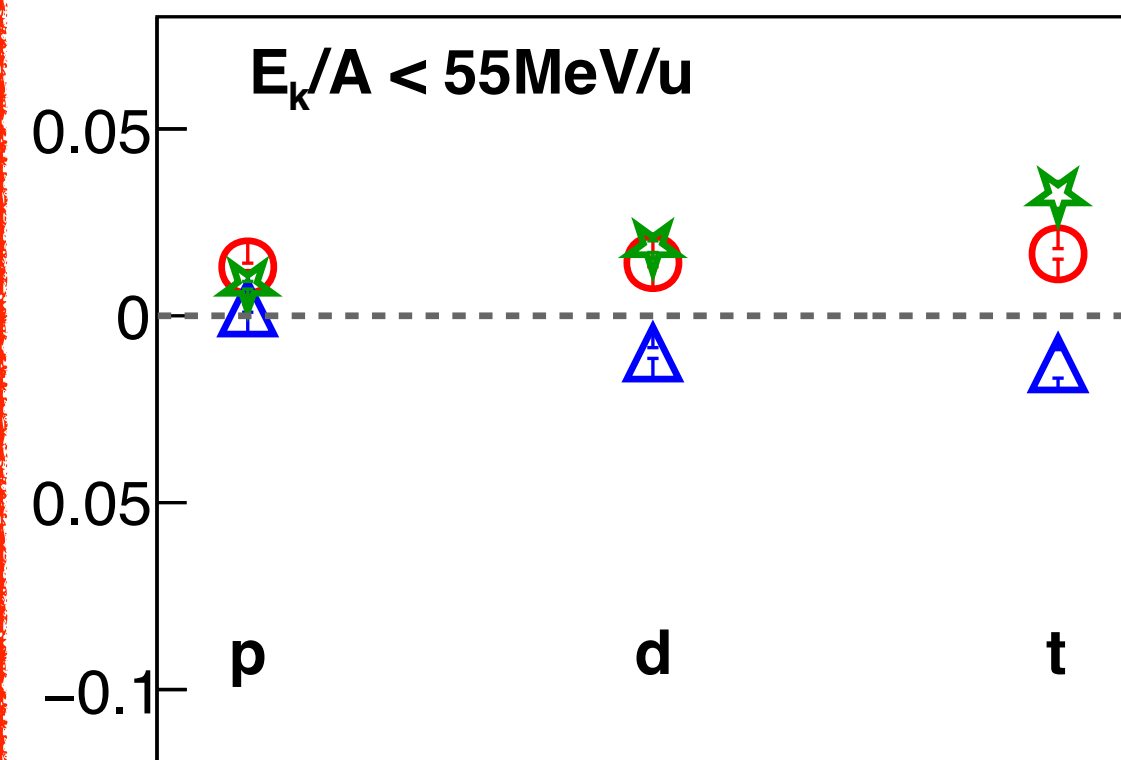
IW1 isotope vs v_1 Slope

Exp SLy4 SkMs



IW1 isotope vs v_2 Offset

Exp SLy4 SkMs



Summary

1. Compare Experimental and ImQMD with 2 Skyrme parameters data using v_1 slope and v_2 offset.
2. v_1 and v_2 results of two model calculation using Ni+Ni @ 52 AMeV are not show clear difference and also models can not predict experimental results.
3. v_1 of Xe+Sn @ 100 AMeV from two parameter sets are not show specific difference relate to N/Z of fragment and also non of model predict experimental result especially at low p_t^0 regions.
4. v_2 from 2 parameters of Xe+Sn @ 100AMeV are represent clearly differences and this are affected by N/Z ratio of fragments.

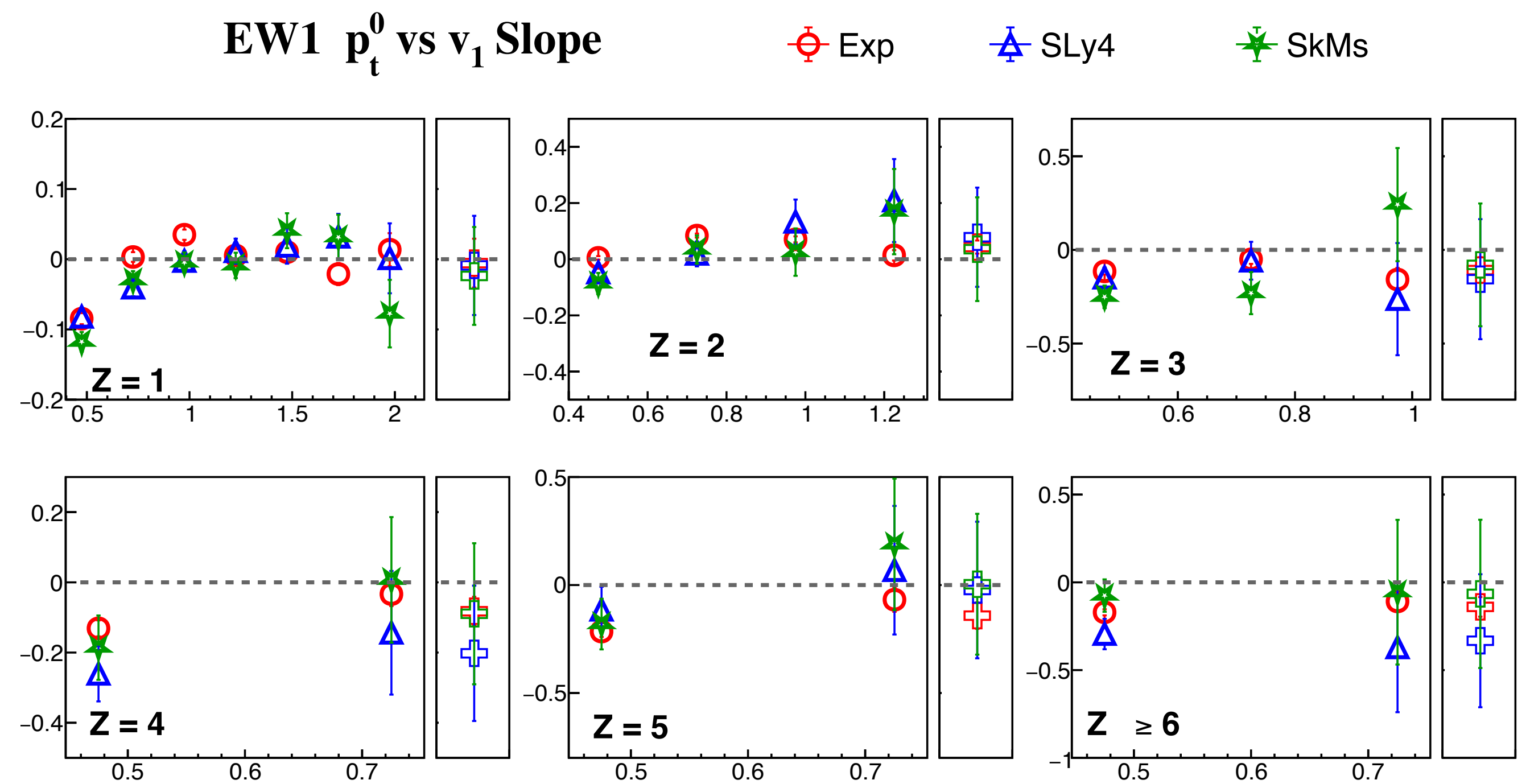
Conclusion

1. Direct flow seems not sensitive to iso-vector effective mass difference.
2. Elliptic flow is more sensitive to iso-vector effective mass splitting of proton and neutron but direct flow is not in this energy region.
3. Effective mass of proton much heavier than value of SkM* at over $E_k \sim 55\text{MeV/u}$ but little heavier below $E_k \sim 55\text{MeV/u}$.
4. Effective mass of neutron is lighter than SkM* and heavier than SLy4 at below $E_k \sim 55\text{MeV/u}$.

Back up

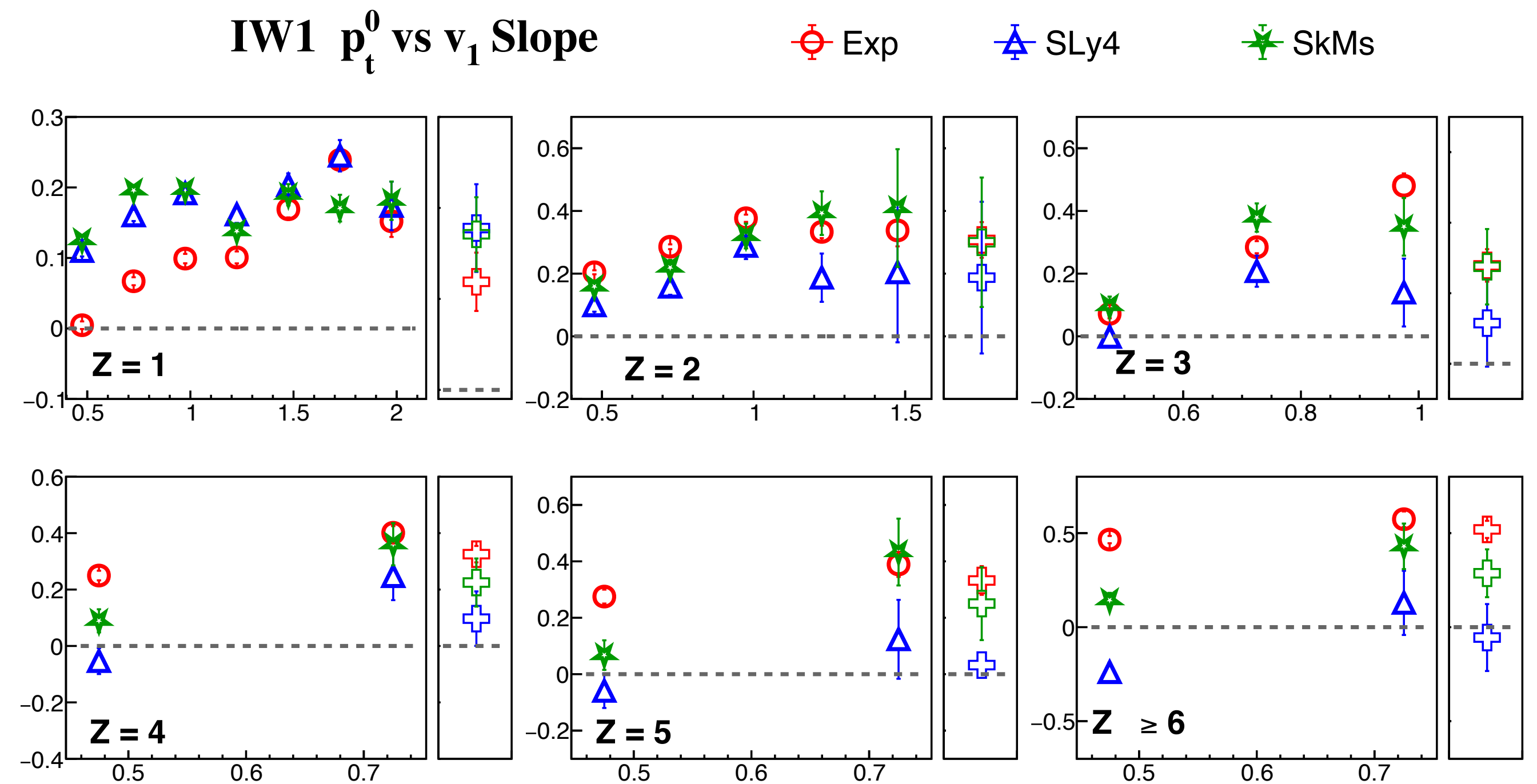
Slope of Direct flow

$^{64}\text{Ni} + ^{64}\text{Ni} @ 52\text{MeV/u}$



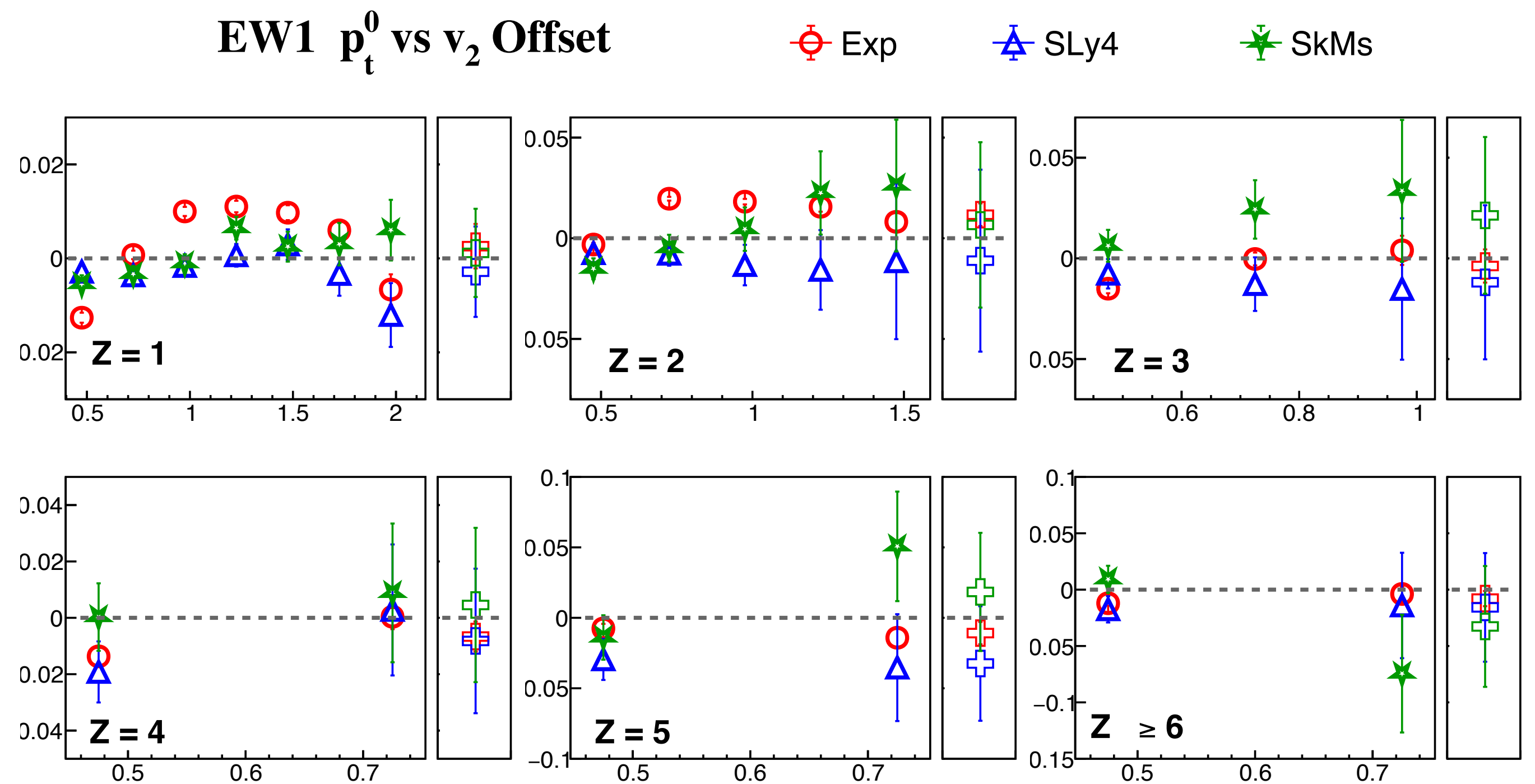
$^{124}\text{Xe} + ^{124}\text{Sn} @ 100\text{MeV/u}$

With correction factor



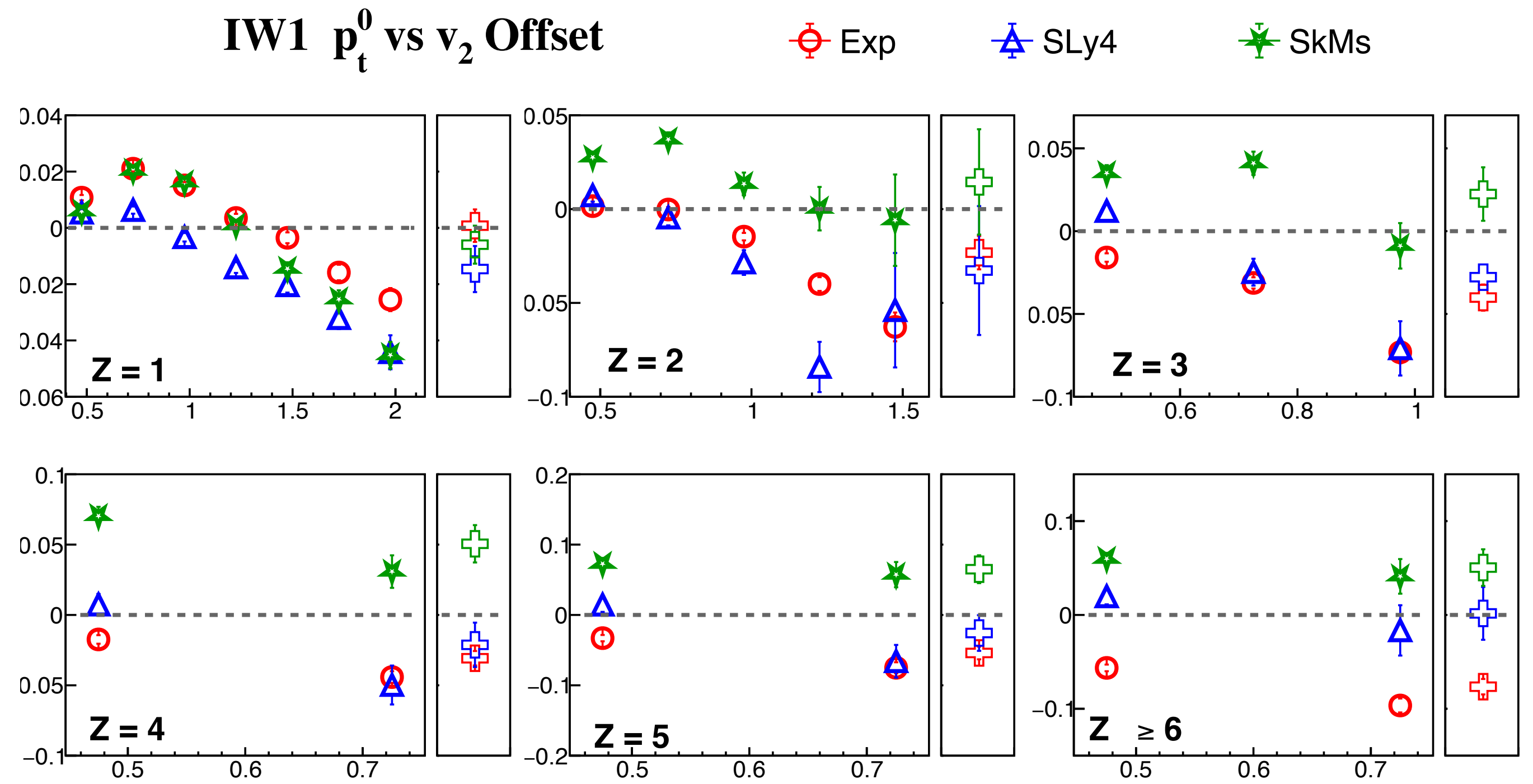
Offset of Elliptic flow

$^{64}\text{Ni} + ^{64}\text{Ni} @ 52\text{MeV/u}$



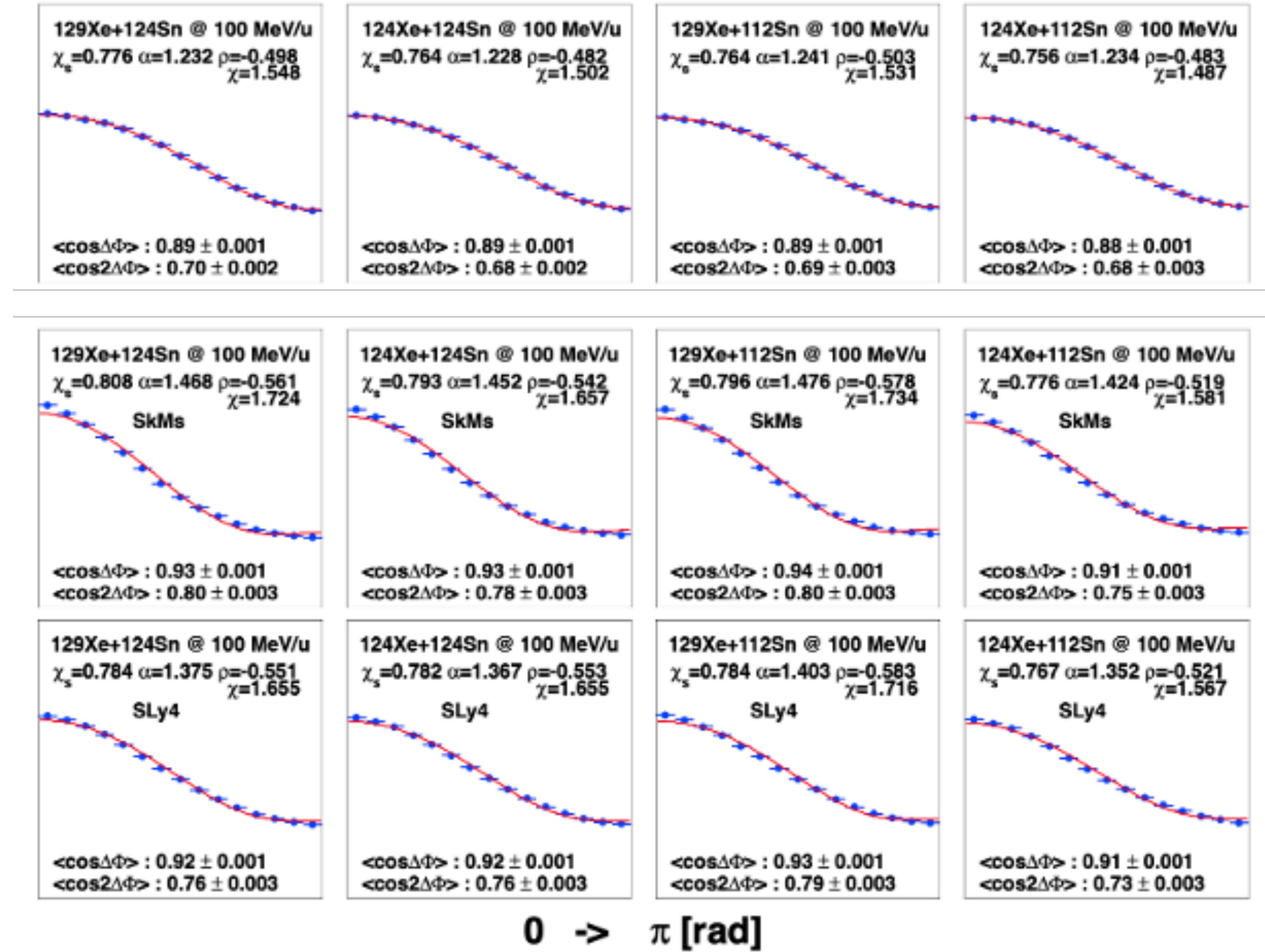
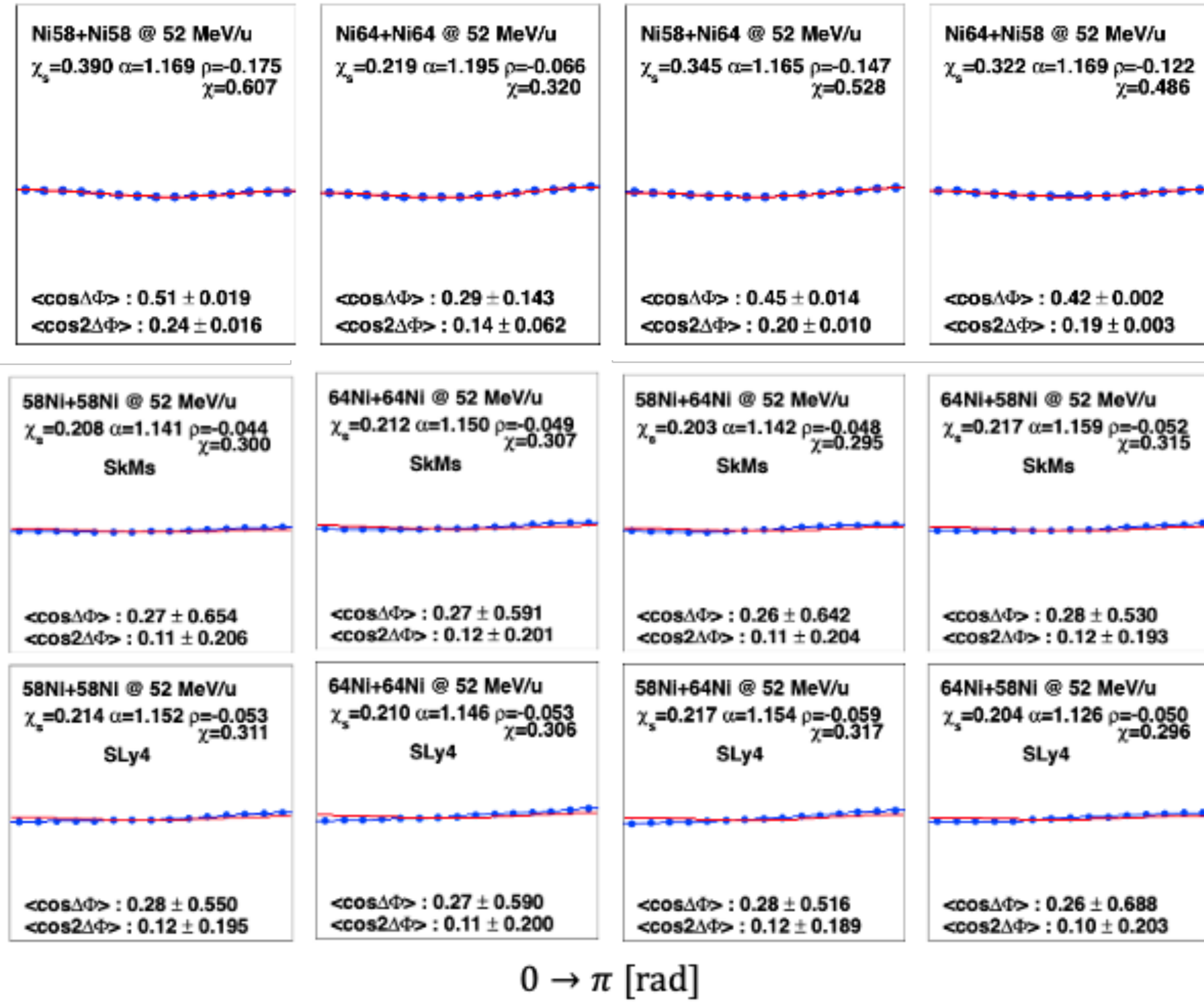
$^{124}\text{Xe} + ^{124}\text{Sn} @ 100\text{MeV/u}$

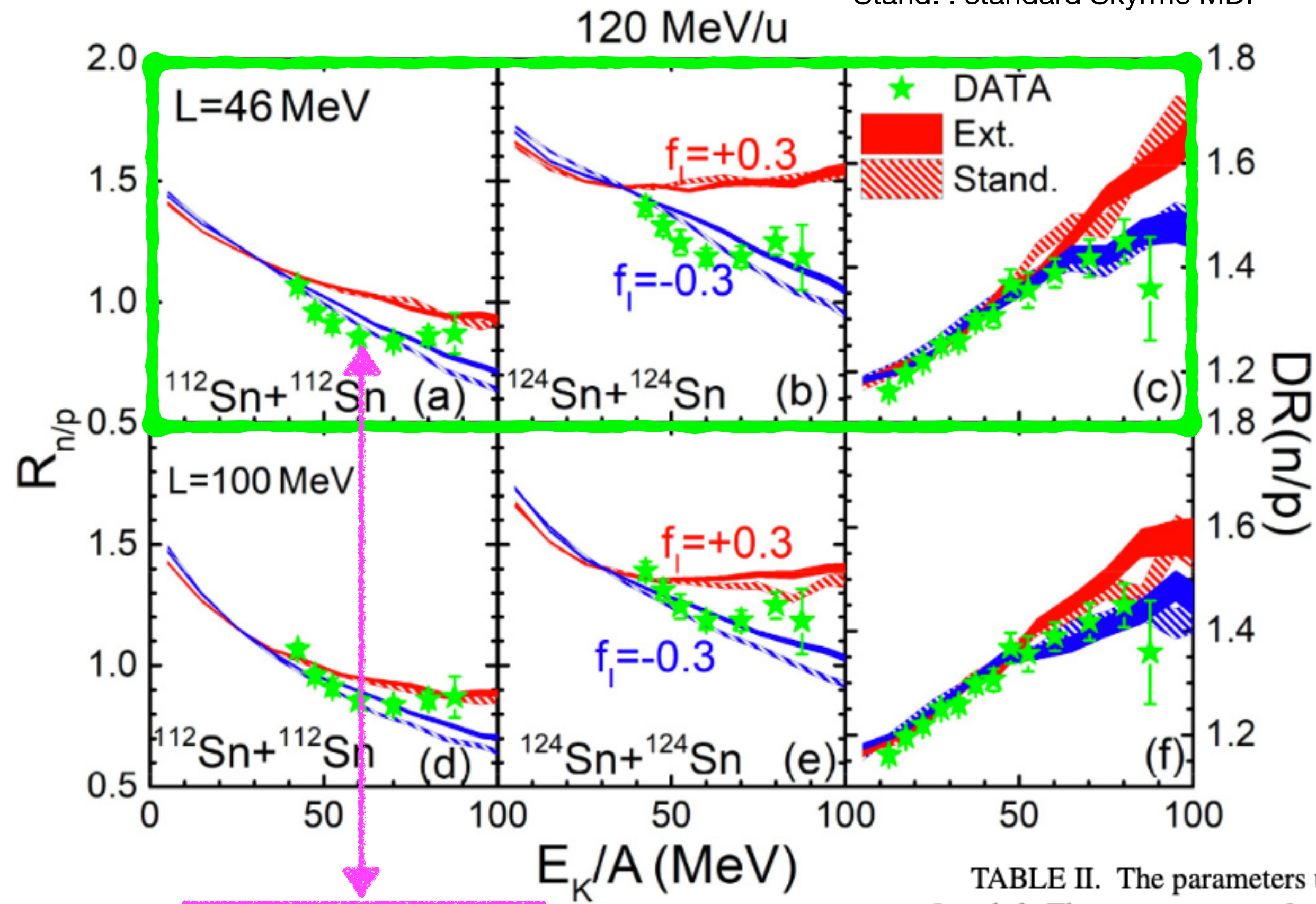
With correction factor



$^{64,58}\text{Ni} + ^{64,58}\text{Ni} @ 52\text{MeV/u}$

$^{129,124}\text{Xe} + ^{124,112}\text{Sn} @ 100\text{MeV/u}$

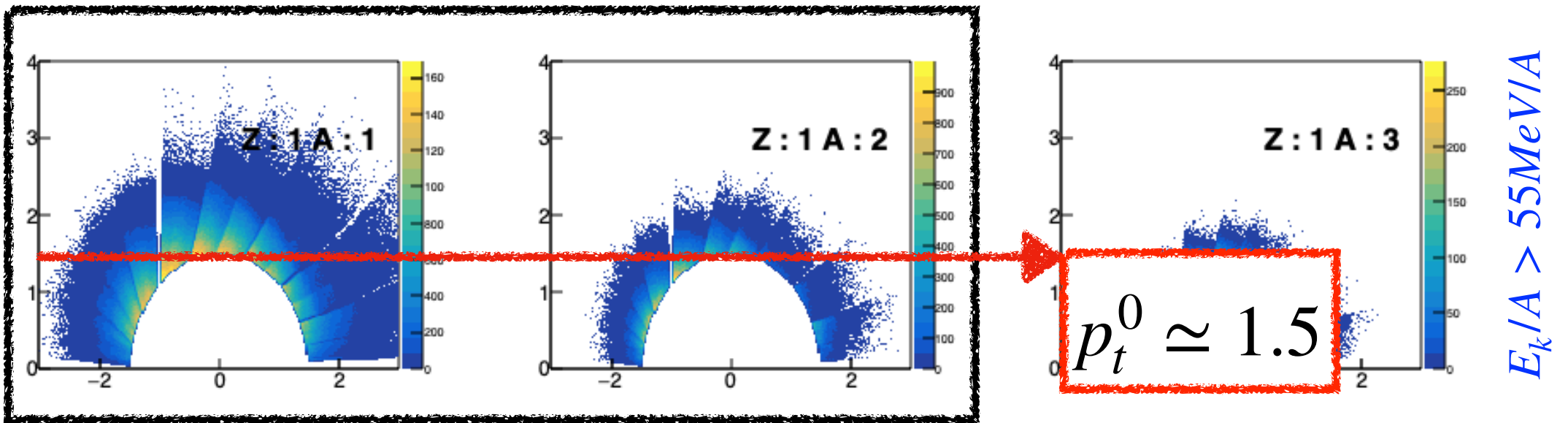




55MeV/A

$$f_I = 0.3(m_n^* < m_p^*)$$
$$f_I = -0.3(m_n^* > m_p^*)$$

p_T^0 vs y_{cm}



$55 \text{ MeV/A} = p_t^0 \simeq 2.0 \text{ for Ni + Ni @ 52 A MeV}$

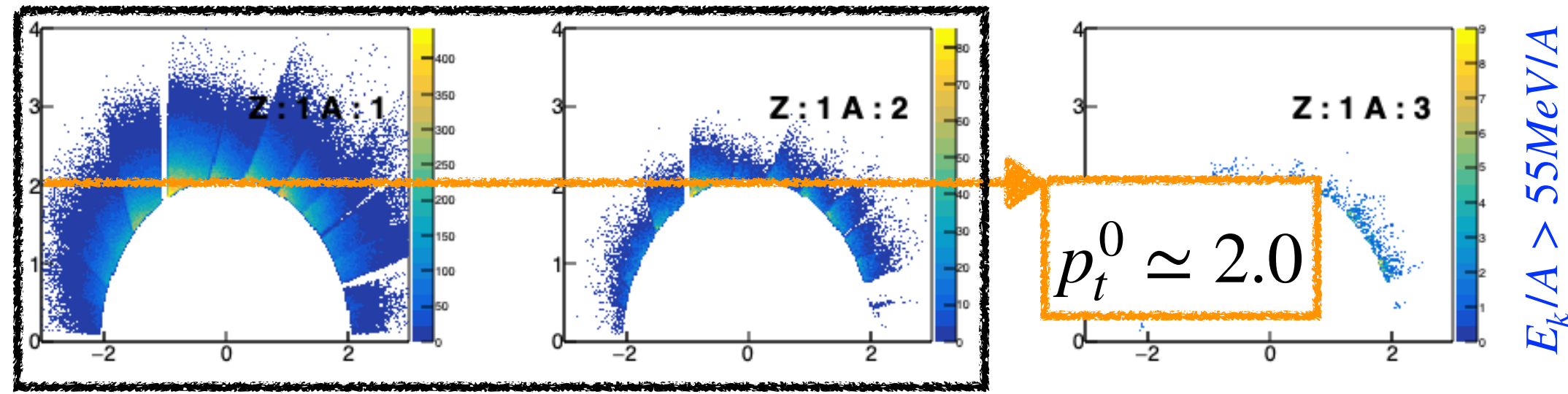


TABLE II. The parameters used in the calculations corresponding to $K_0 = 230 \text{ MeV}$, $m_s^*/m = 0.77$, $S_0 = 32 \text{ MeV}$, and different values of L and f_I . The parameters α , β , A_{sym} , B_{sym} are in MeV. $\tilde{C}_0$ and $\tilde{D}_0$ are fm^3/GeV .

Para.	($L = 46, f_I = 0.3$)	($L = 46, f_I = -0.3$)	($L = 100, f_I = 0.3$)	($L = 100, f_I = -0.3$)
α		$-236.58 (-265.78)$		
β		$163.95 (194.93)$		
γ		$1.26 (1.22)$		
A_{sym}	$83.65 (108.44)$	$58.57 (62.73)$	$14.41 (25.32)$	$-10.67 (-20.40)$
B_{sym}	$-79.48 (-103.69)$	$-30.52 (-35.38)$	$-10.25 (-20.34)$	$38.72 (47.96)$
$\tilde{C}_0$	$-7.92 \times 10^{-4} (-2.08 \times 10^{-3})$	$0.37 (1.00)$	$-7.92 \times 10^{-4} (-2.08 \times 10^{-3})$	$0.37 (1.00)$
$\tilde{D}_0$	$0.37 (1.00)$	$-0.37 (-1.00)$	$0.37 (1.00)$	$-0.37 (-1.00)$

$^{129}\text{Xe} + ^{124}\text{Sn} @ 100\text{MeV/u}$ $^{124}\text{Xe} + ^{112}\text{Sn} @ 100\text{MeV/u}$ IW1 p_t^0 vs v_1 Slope

Exp

SLy4

SkMs

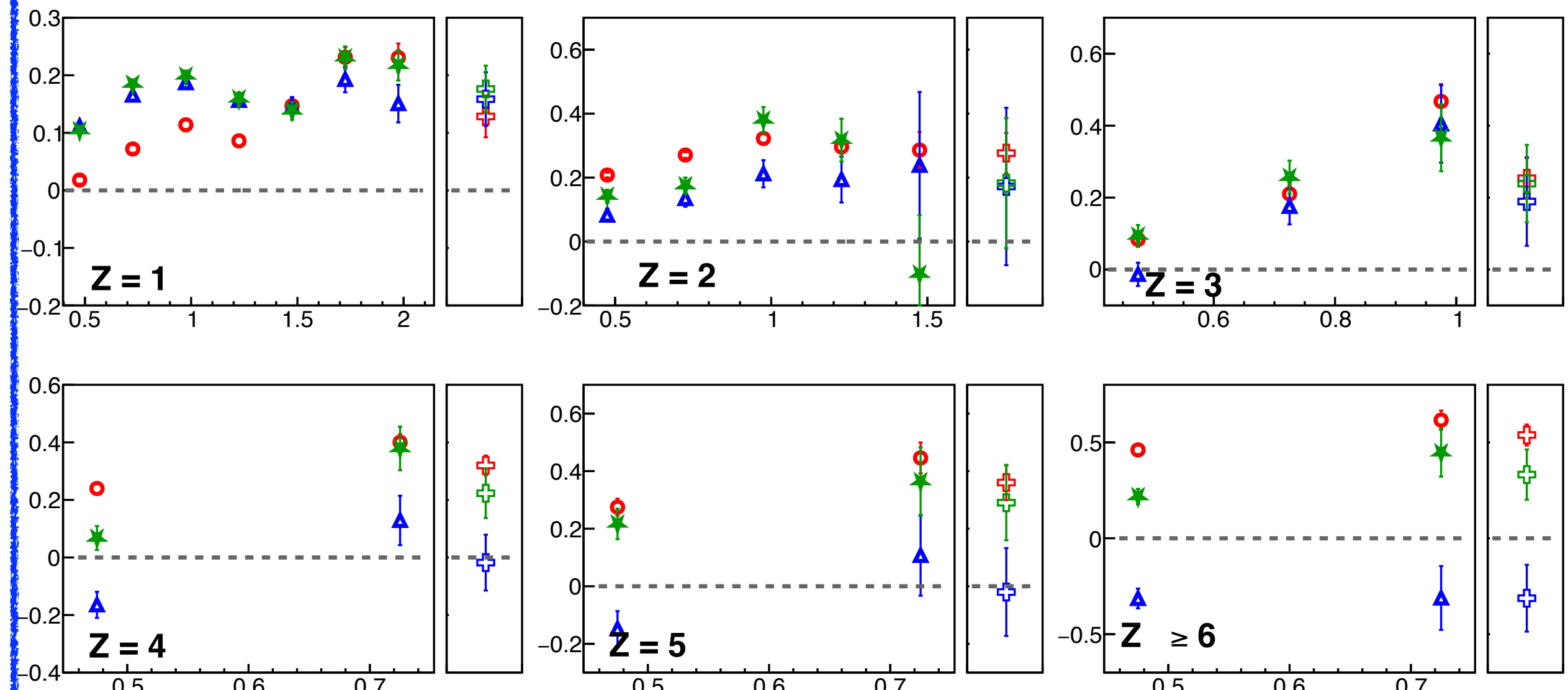
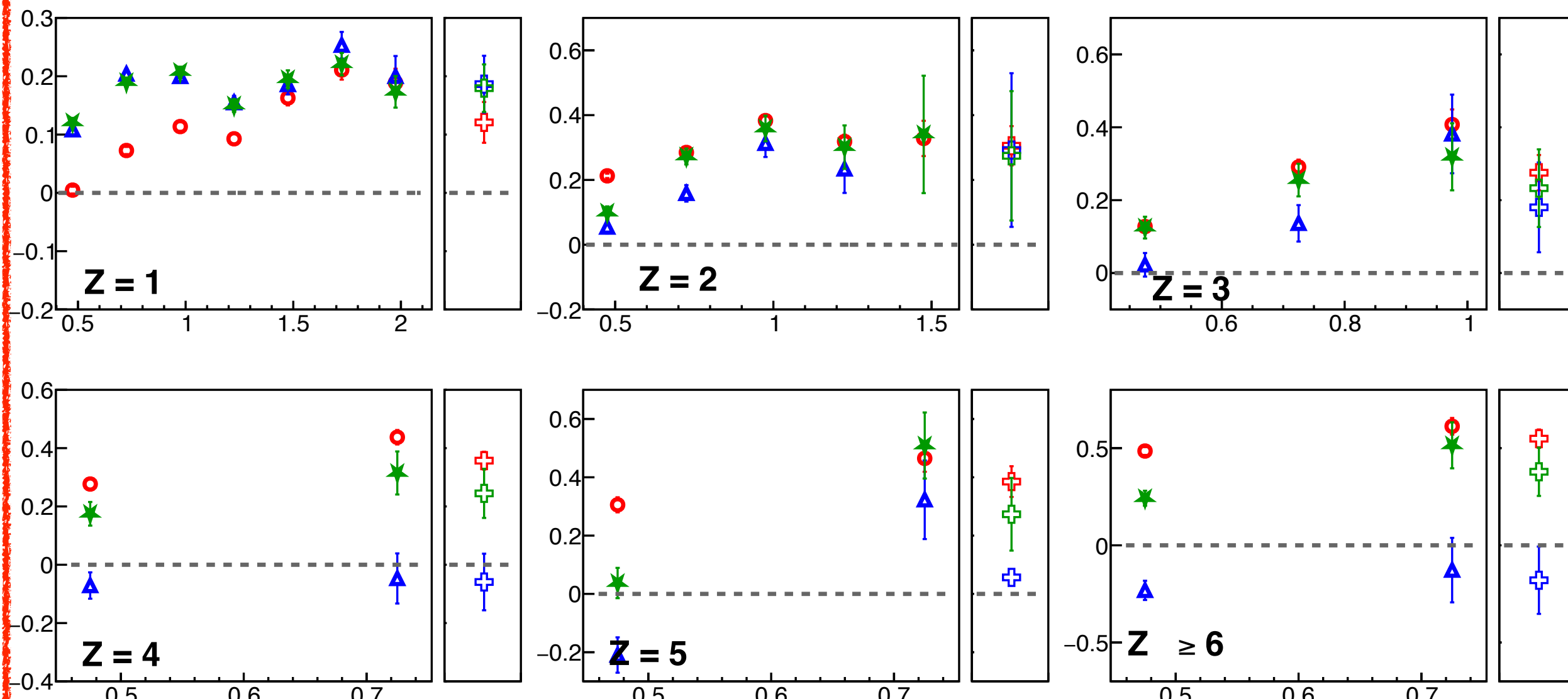
Slope of direct flow

IW1 p_t^0 vs v_1 Slope

Exp

SLy4

SkMs

IW1 p_t^0 vs v_2 Offset

Exp

SLy4

SkMs

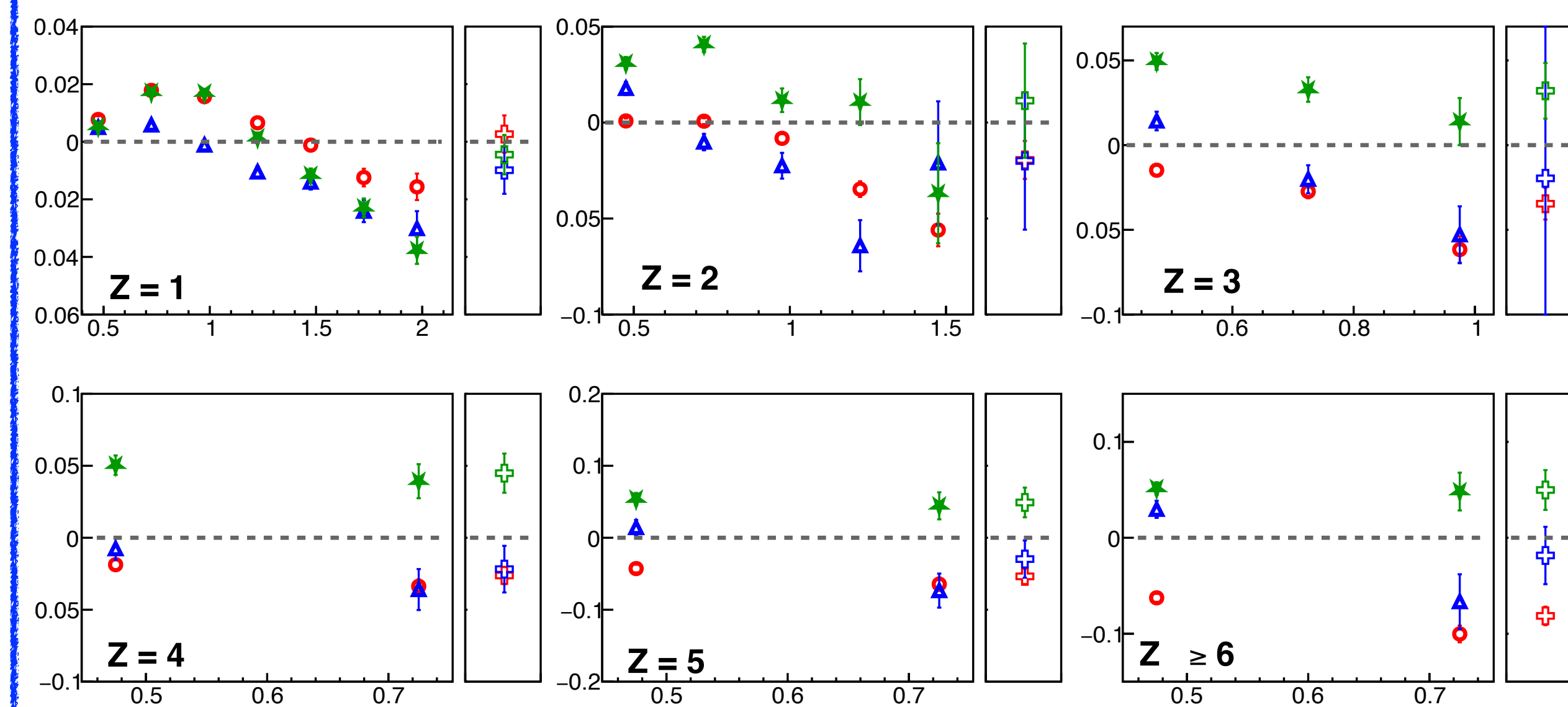
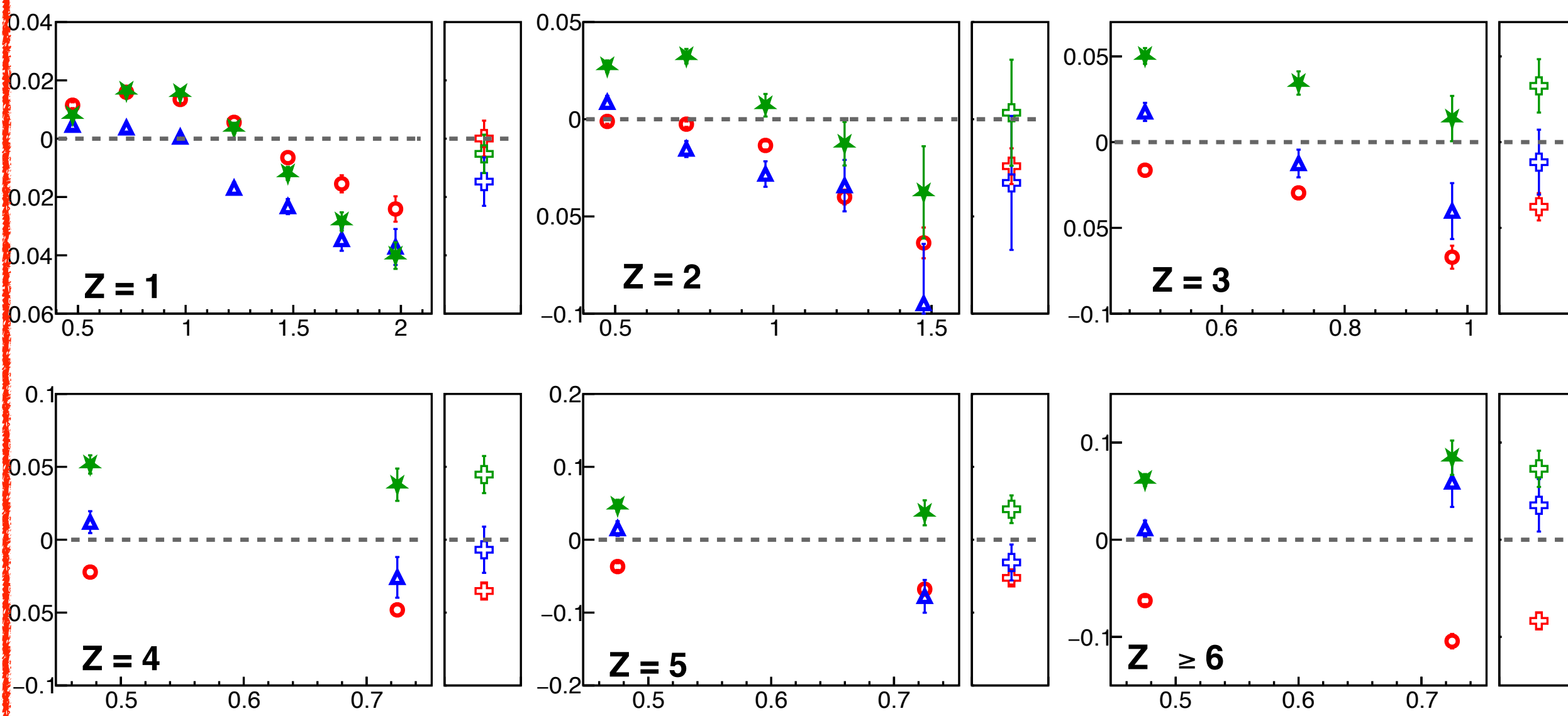
Offset of Elliptic flow

IW1 p_t^0 vs v_2 Offset

Exp

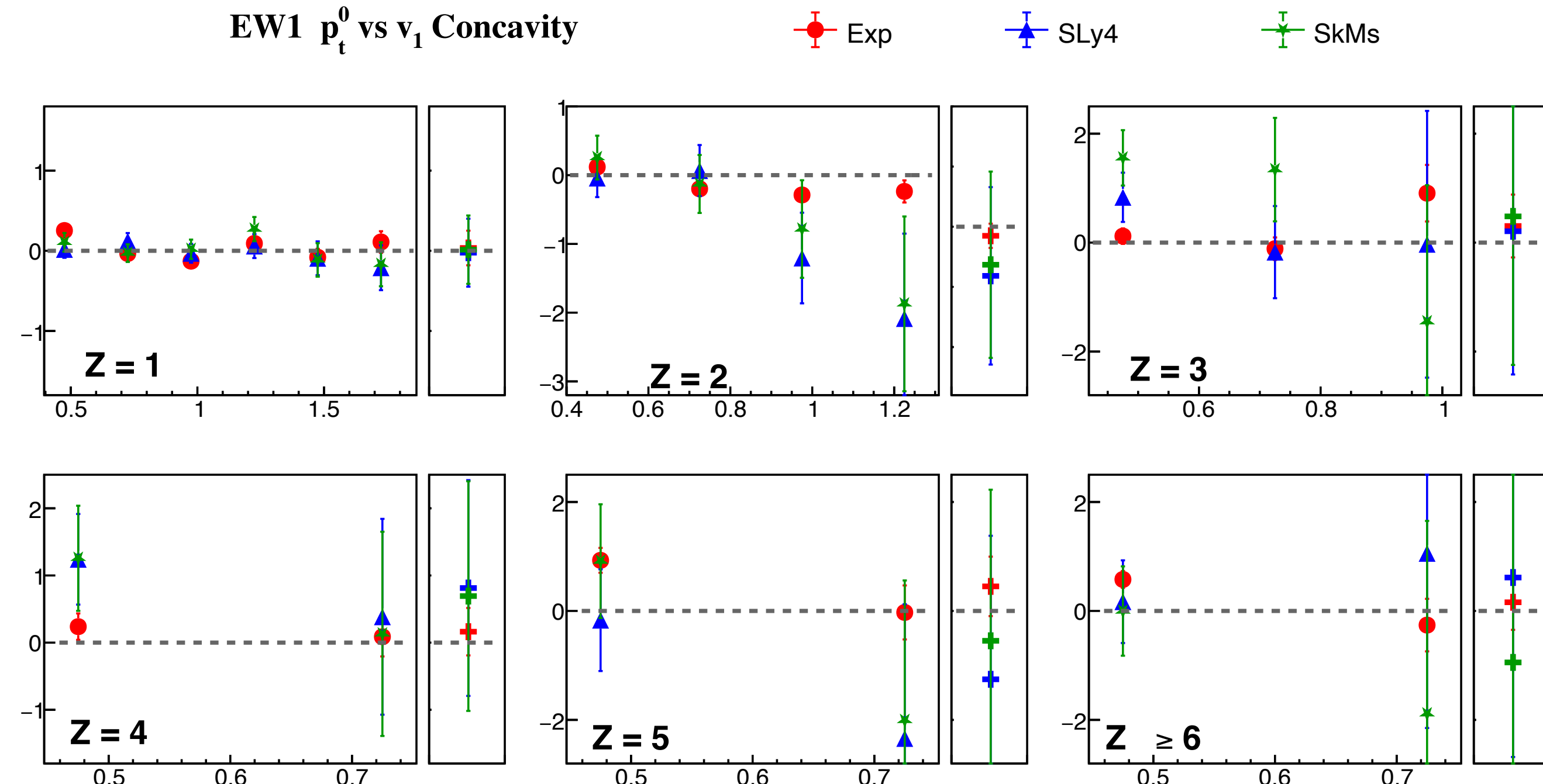
SLy4

SkMs

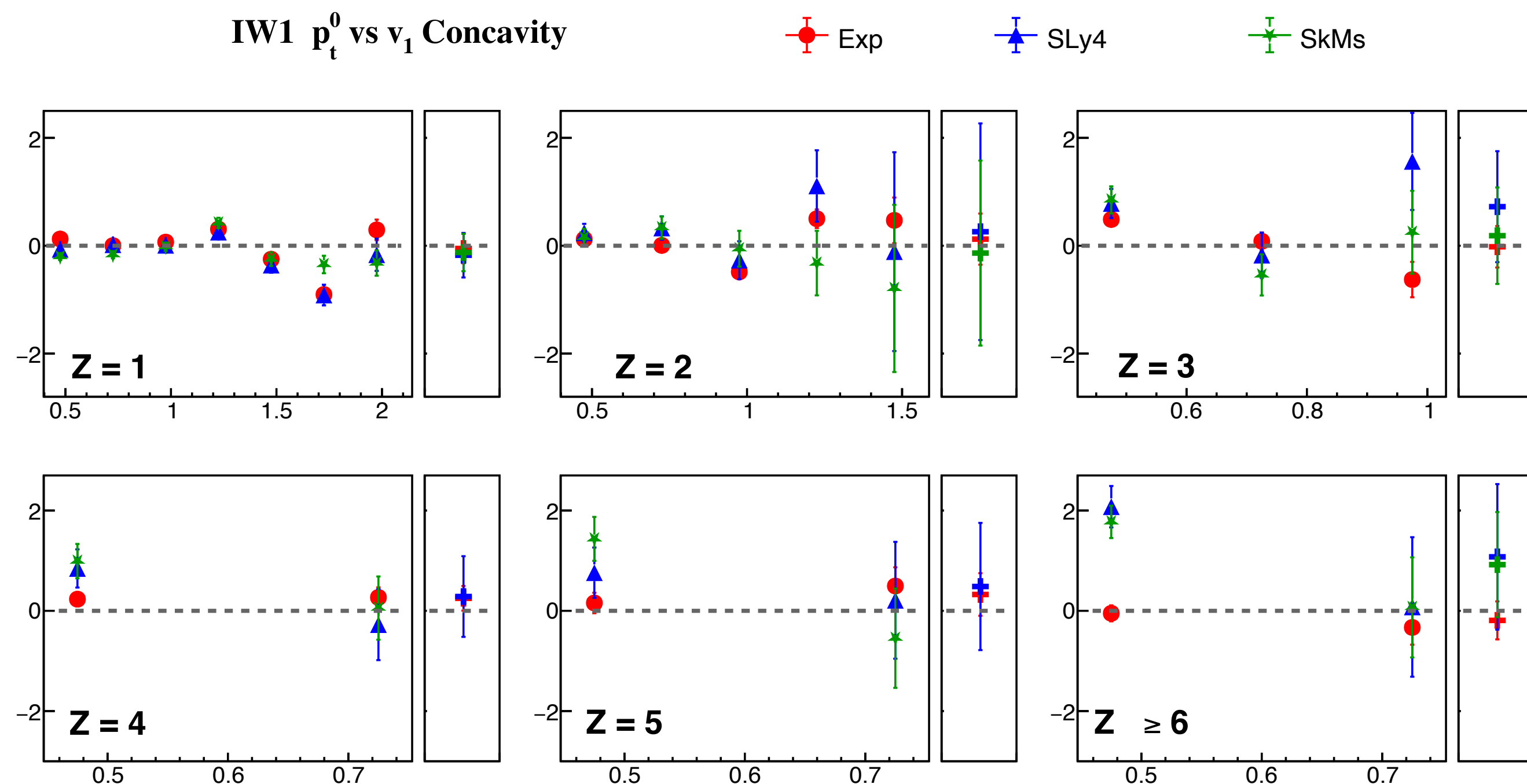


Concavity of Direct flow

$^{64}\text{Ni} + ^{64}\text{Ni} @ 52\text{MeV/u}$

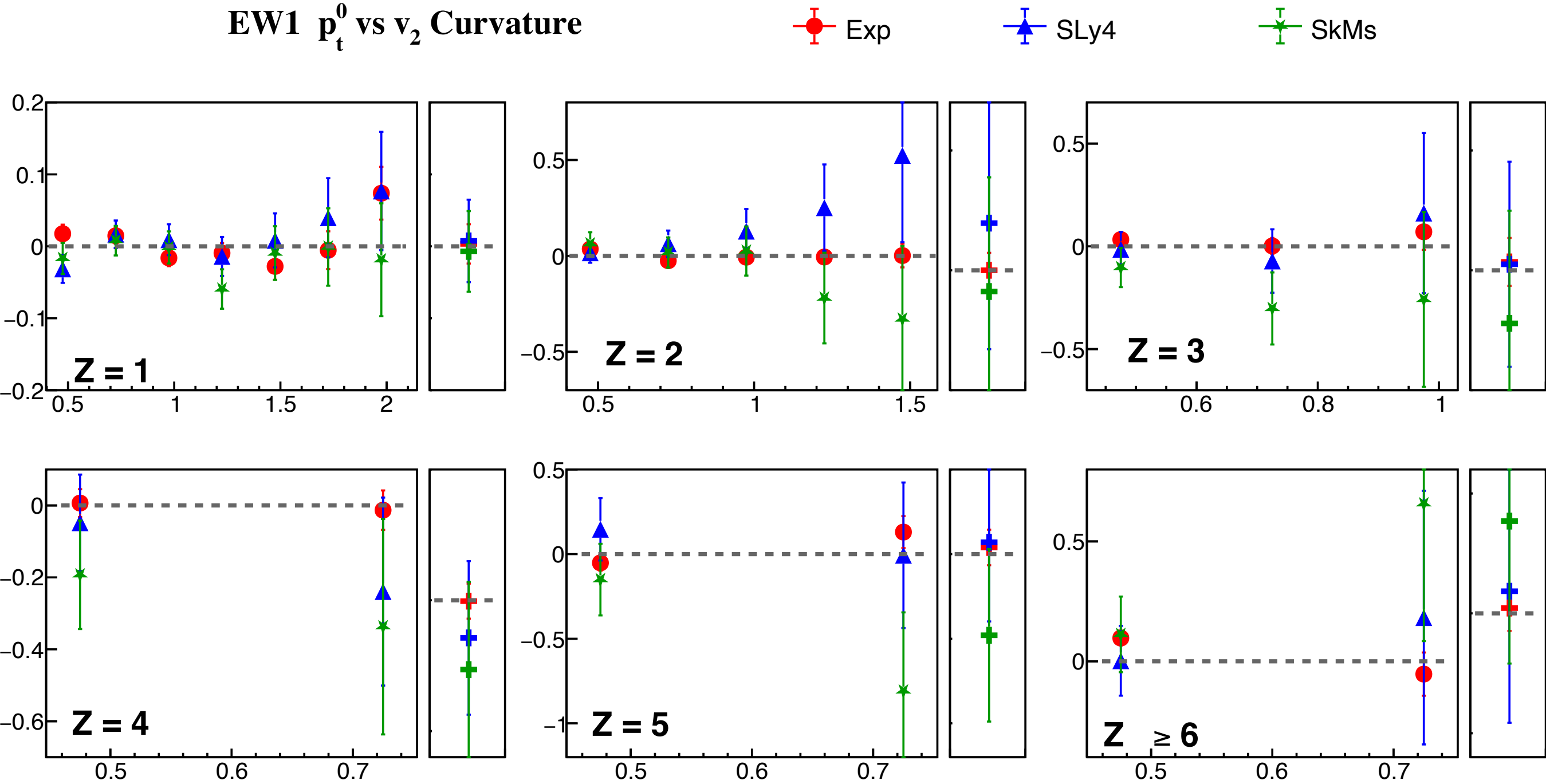


$^{124}\text{Xe} + ^{124}\text{Sn} @ 100\text{MeV/u}$

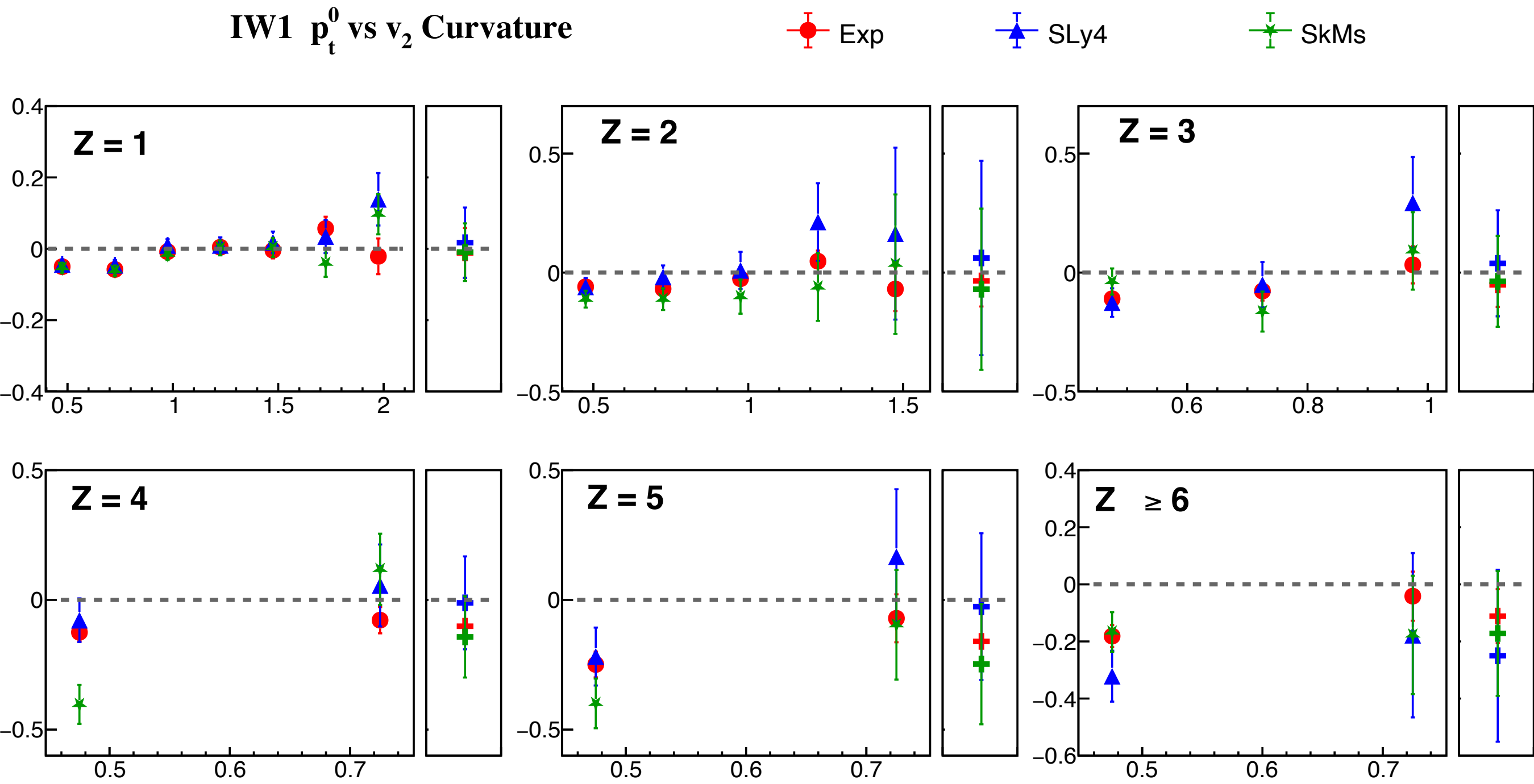


Curvature of Elliptic flow

$^{64}\text{Ni} + ^{64}\text{Ni} @ 52\text{MeV/u}$



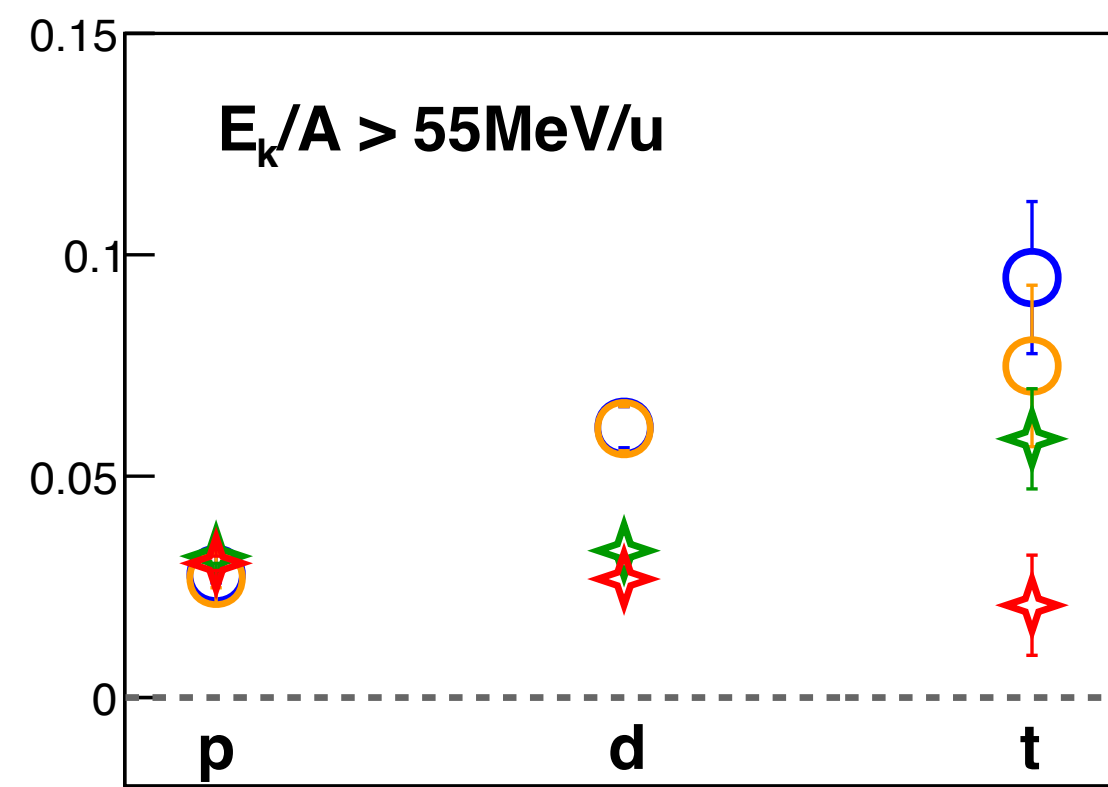
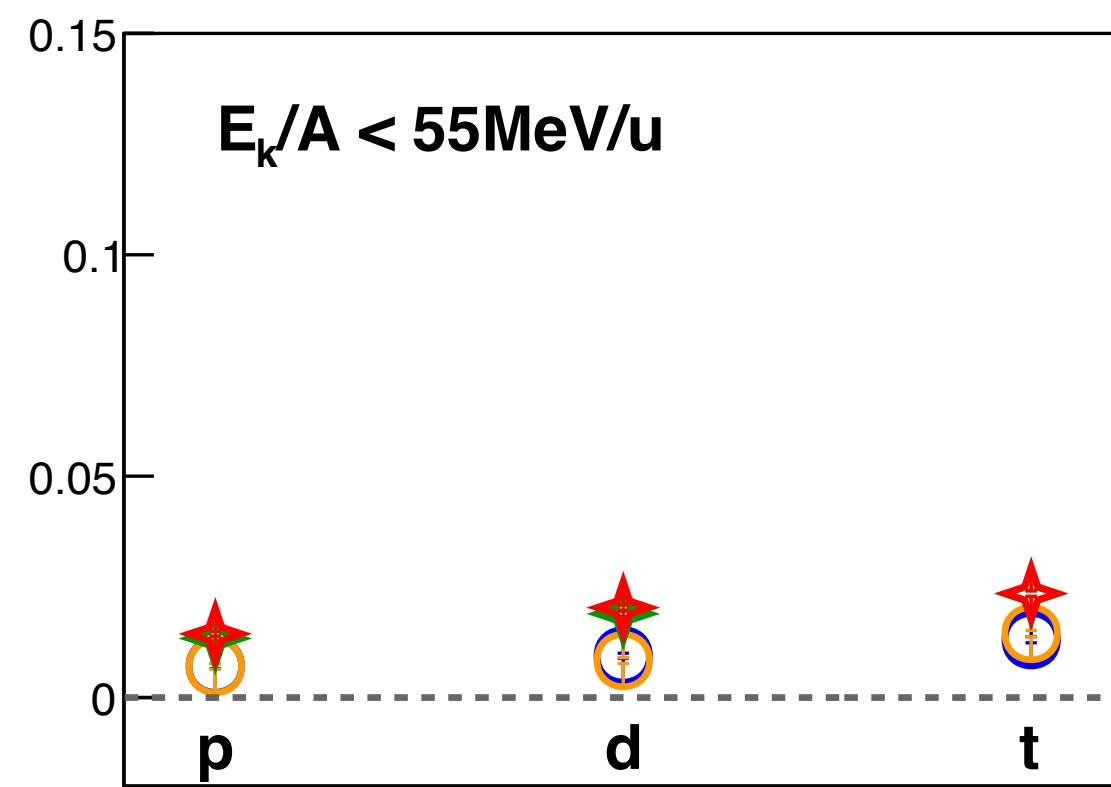
$^{124}\text{Xe} + ^{124}\text{Sn} @ 100\text{MeV/u}$



$^{129,124}\text{Xe} + ^{124}\text{Sn}$ @ 100 & 150 MeV/u Exp, correction factor + system size scaling

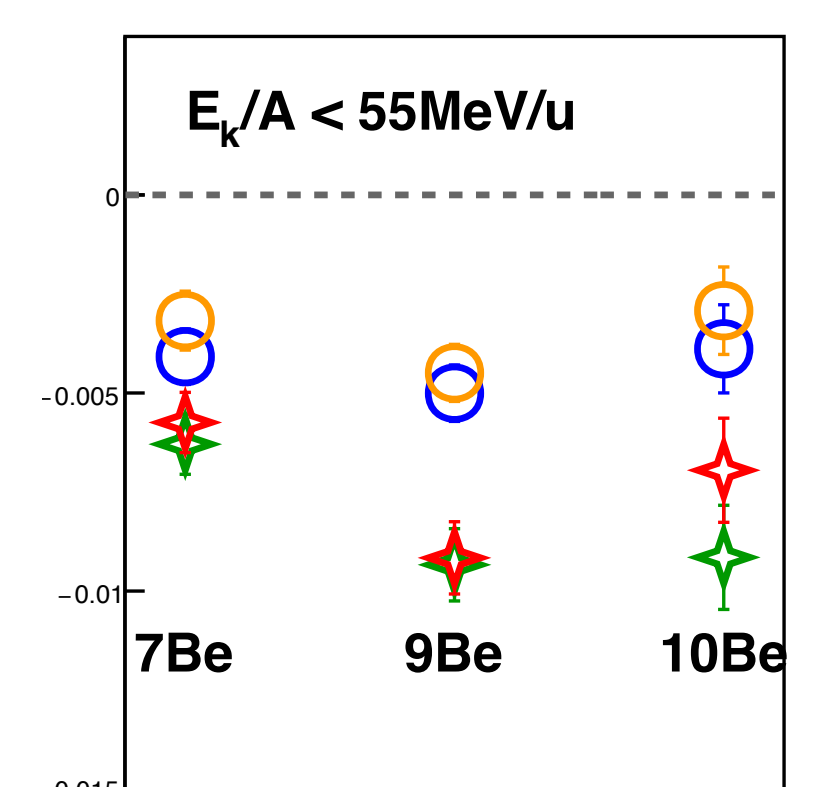
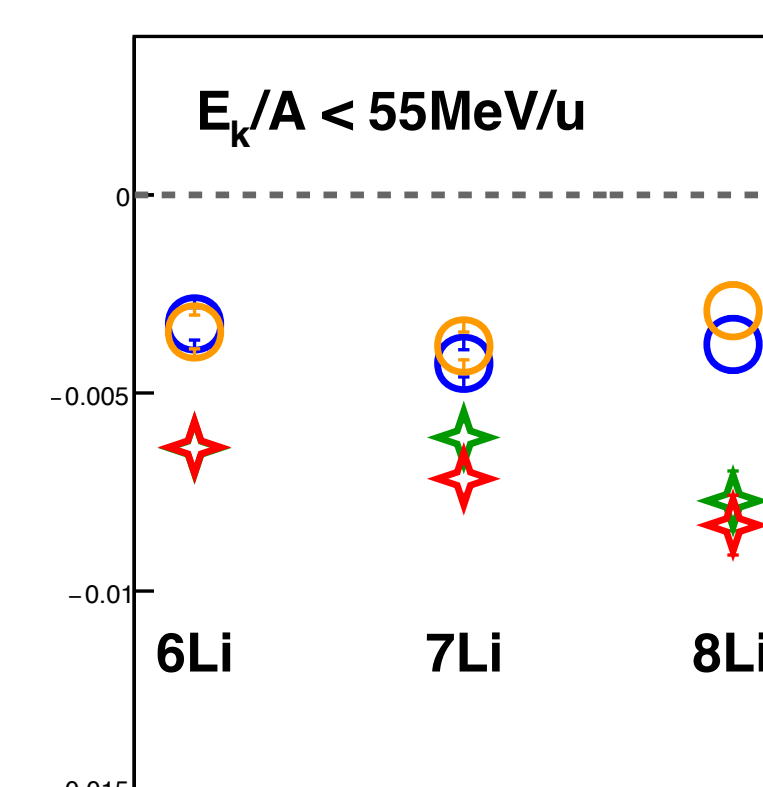
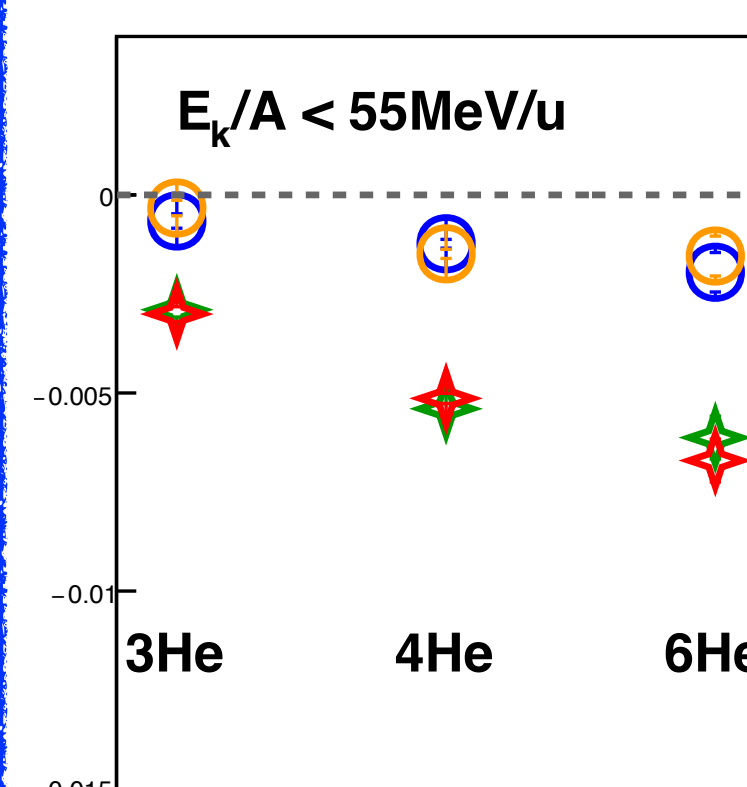
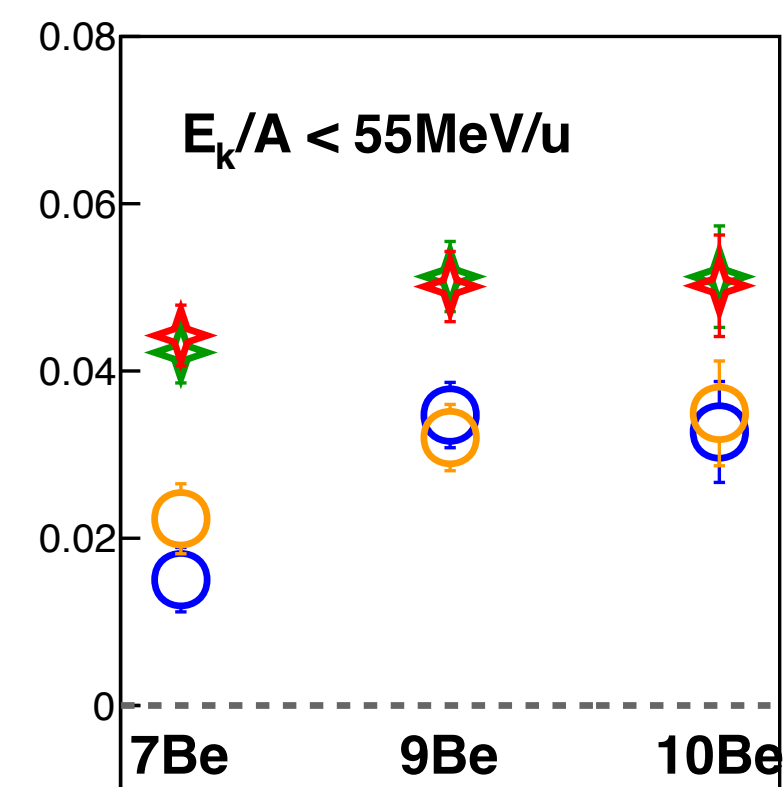
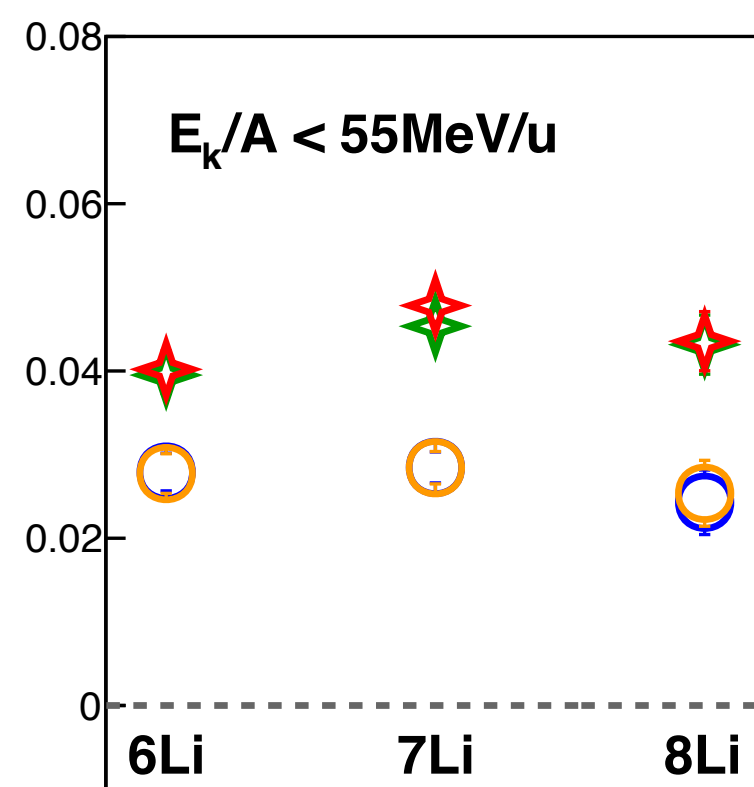
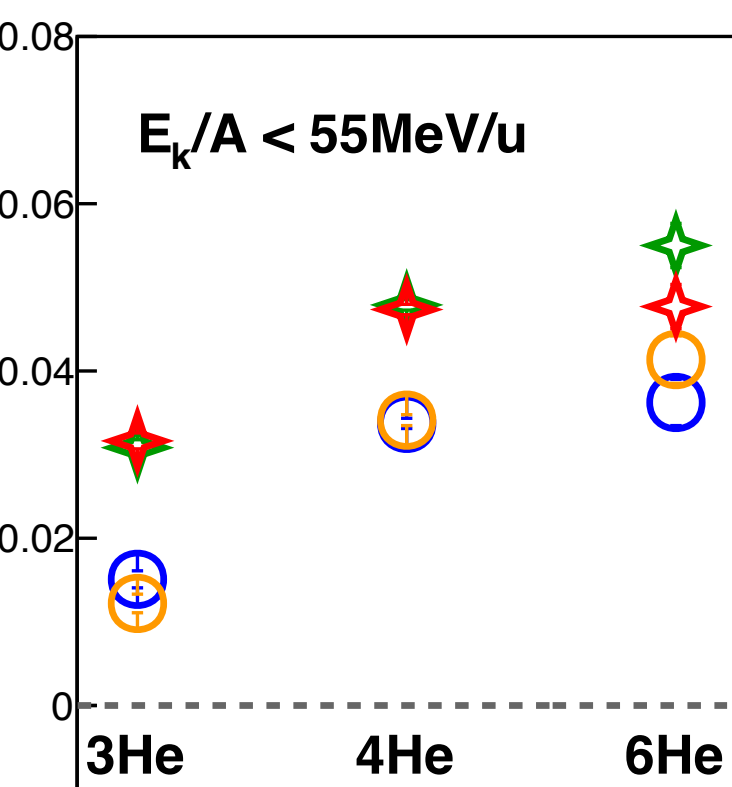
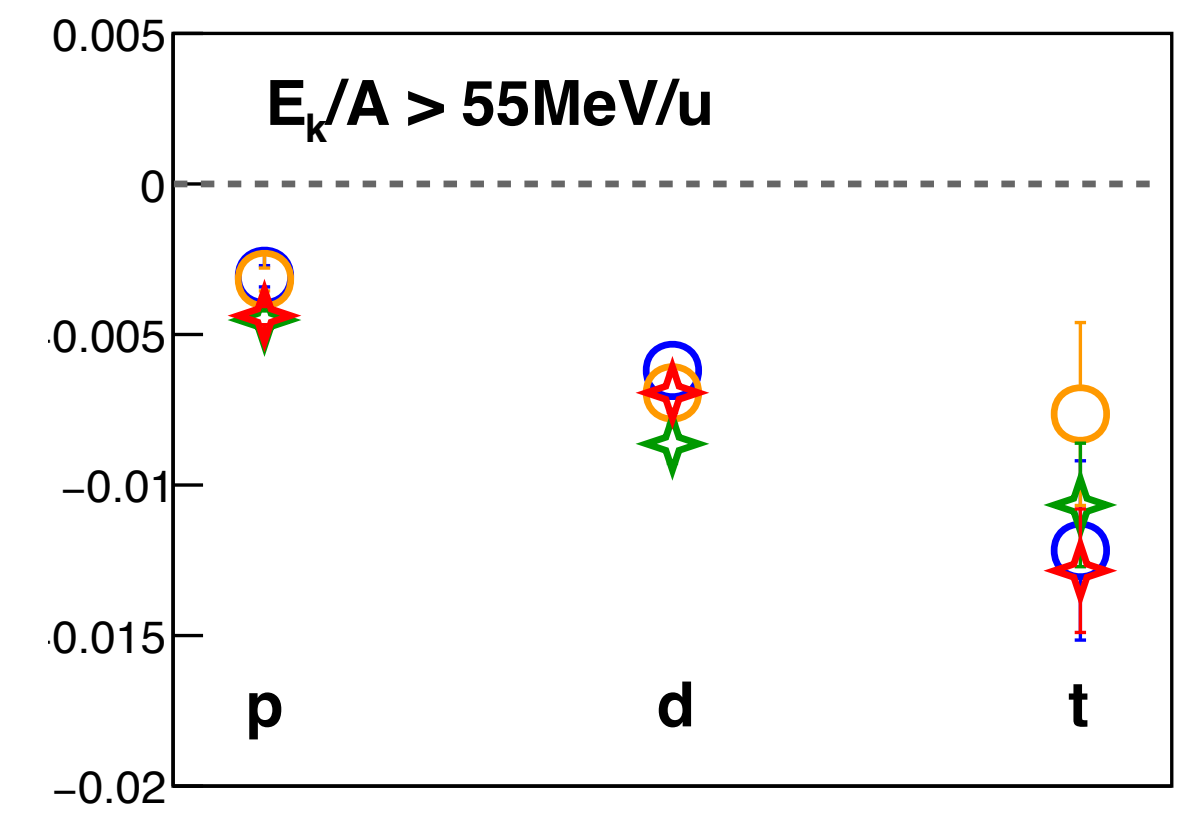
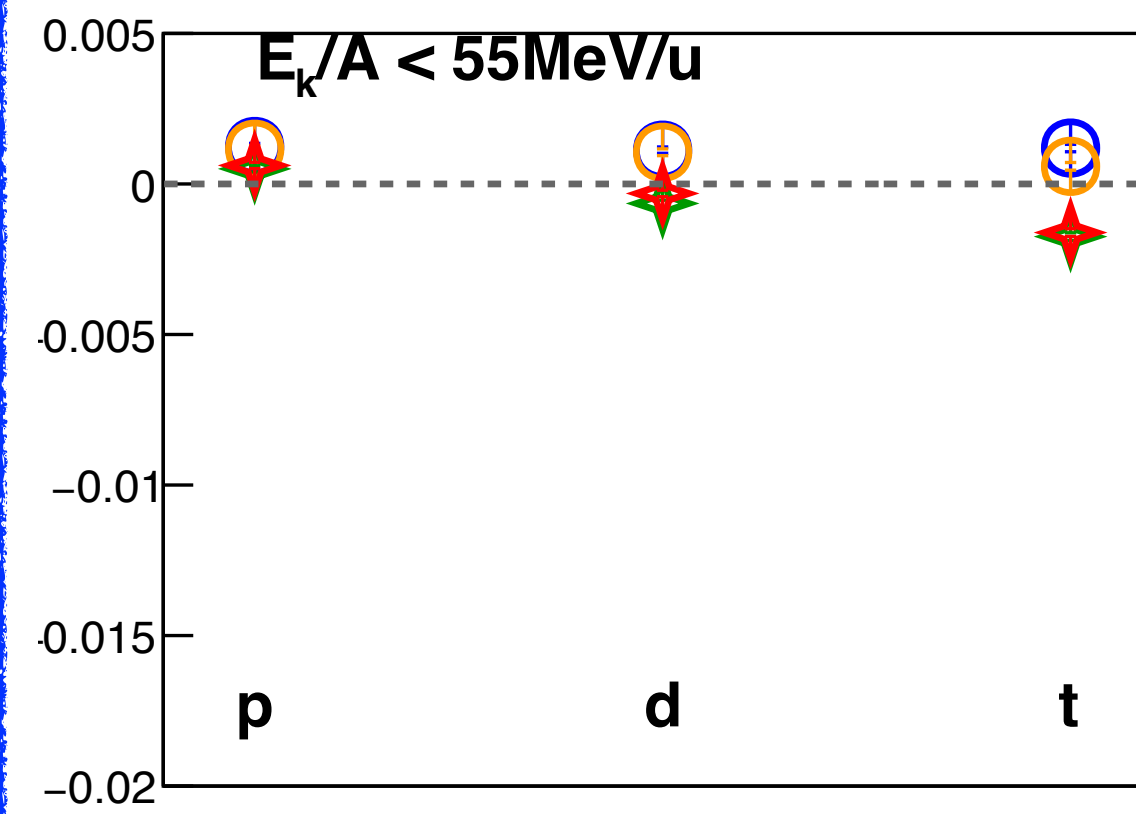
IW1 isotope vs v_1^s Slope

$\circ$ $^{124}\text{Xe}^{124}\text{Sn}$ 100 $\circ$ $^{129}\text{Xe}^{124}\text{Sn}$ 100
 $\star$ $^{124}\text{Xe}^{124}\text{Sn}$ 150 $\star$ $^{129}\text{Xe}^{124}\text{Sn}$ 150



IW1 isotope vs v_2^s Offset

$\circ$ $^{124}\text{Xe}^{124}\text{Sn}$ 100 $\circ$ $^{129}\text{Xe}^{124}\text{Sn}$ 100
 $\star$ $^{124}\text{Xe}^{124}\text{Sn}$ 150 $\star$ $^{129}\text{Xe}^{124}\text{Sn}$ 150



$$v_n^s = v_n \langle p_t^0 \rangle / (A_P^{1/3} + A_T^{1/3})$$